



Club for Growth Foundation is a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization focused on educating the public about the value of free markets, pro-growth policies, and economic prosperity.

State Legislative and Missed Votes Scorecards are created by the Club for Growth Foundation to educate the public about the voting records of legislators who serve in state legislatures, and to bring awareness to lawmakers. The Foundation's State Legislative Scorecards, such as this scorecard, specifically inform the public about the positions taken by legislators in a particular state on economic growth issues.

Our Mission

THE FOUNDATION **EDUCATES THE** PUBLIC ABOUT PRO-**GROWTH POLICIES.**

THE FOUNDATION CONDUCTS **COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATIONS OF VOTING RECORDS.**

THE FOUNDATION'S **GOAL IS TO INFORM** THE PUBLIC AND **BRING AWARENESS** TO LAWMAKERS.

METHODOLOGY 2020 OHIO

> OHIO **SENATE SNAPSHOT**

> > OHIO **SENATE VOTES**

SENATE VOTE **DESCRIPTIONS**

> OHIO HOUSE **SNAPSHOT**

> > OHIO HOUSE VOTES

Methodology | Ohio 2020

Club for Growth Foundation publishes the scorecard study so the public can monitor the actions and the voting behavior of Ohio's elected state lawmakers on economic growth issues.

The Foundation conducted a comprehensive examination of each lawmaker's record on votes related to pro-growth policies and computed an Economic Growth Score on a scale of 0 to 100. A score of 100 indicates the highest support for pro-growth policies.

The Foundation examines legislative votes related to the Club's immediate pro-economic growth policy goals, including:

- Reducing or eliminating tax rates and enacting tax reform
- Limited government through limited spending and budget reform
- Regulatory reform and deregulation
- Ending abusive lawsuits through medical malpractice and tort reform
- Expanding school choice
- Implementing Term Limits

Not all of these policy goals will come up for a vote in each legislative session.

The Foundation also examines votes on bills that would directly harm these goals.

This scorecard is based on selected votes of importance to the Foundation, and does not include the complete voting record of any legislator. There are inherent limitations in judging the overall qualifications of any legislator based on a selected voting record, and the Foundation does not endorse or oppose any legislator for public office.

LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS **CONSIDERED IN OHIO IN 2020**

The Foundation's study examined over 290 floor votes and, in the end, included 12 Ohio House votes and 10 Ohio Senate votes.

COMPUTATION

Scores are computed on a scale of 0 to 100. Each vote or action in the rating is assigned a certain number of points depending on its relative importance. If a lawmaker casts a correct vote, the scorecard will denote it with that number. If a lawmaker casts an incorrect vote, the scorecard will denote that vote with a hyphen (-). Absences are not counted signified as an "X" on the scorecard - though the Foundation reserves the right to do so if, in its judgment, a lawmaker's position was otherwise discernible. If a lawmaker was not officially sworn into office at the time of a vote. the scorecard will denote that vote with an "I".

To provide some additional guidance concerning the scores, each lawmaker was ranked. Aside from ties, lawmakers with 0% scores are, by default, ranked #99 in the Ohio

House and #33 in the Ohio Senate, Scores and ranks cannot be directly compared between the House and Senate, as different votes were taken in each chamber. If applicable, the study also records a "Lifetime Score" for each lawmaker. This is a simple average of the scores from 2020 and all previous years where the lawmaker earned a score.

In some cases, a lawmaker was not present for enough votes for a meaningful score or ranking to be computed. In such cases "n.a." for "not applicable" appears. In computing lifetime scores, years with "n.a." listed instead of a score are not included. Comparing such scores to other members without "n.a." years may be misleading.

ADDITIONAL FACTORS

A study of roll call votes on the floor of the Ohio House and the Ohio Senate and legislative actions is just that. It cannot account for a lawmaker's work in committee, advocacy in his party's caucus meetings, and effectiveness as a leader in advocating pro-growth policies. "Through the release of this series, the Club for Growth Foundation is looking at how state legislatures perform in terms of pro-growth policies. We believe that this scorecard will help inform citizens and entrepreneurs about who supports the policies that are good for economic prosperity."

- DAVID McINTOSH PRESIDENT, CLUB FOR GROWTH FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2020 OHIO

DESCRIPTIONS



33 MEMBERS

Ohio Senate Snapshot

24 Republicans

9 Democrats

O Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 68%

Average Democrat Score: 14%



HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICAN
Senator John Eklund (SD-18) | 81%



LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICAN
Senator Peggy Lehner (SD-6) | 41%



HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRAT
Senator Sean O'Brien (SD-32) | 29%



LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRAT
Senator Sandra Williams (SD-21) | 0%

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY

OHIO SENATE SNAPSHOT

> OHIO SENATE VOTES

OHIO
SENATE
VOTE
DESCRIPTIONS

OHIO HOUSE SNAPSHOT

> OHIO HOUSE VOTES

OHIO SENATE **VOTES**

Ohio 2020 | Senate Scorecard

Name	District	Party	Score	Life- score	HB75	HB151	HB242	HB251	SB1	SB33	SB212	SB311	SB328	SB341	SB362	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Υ	N	Y	Y	Υ	Y	N	Υ	N	Y	N	
POINTS					14	6	5	12	8	14	9	14	5	5	8	
Antonio, Nickie	SD-23	D	12%	13%	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Blessing III, Louis	SD-08	R	72%	46%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Brenner, Andrew	SD-19	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Burke, Dave	SD-26	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Coley, William	SD-04	R	60%	57%	14	-	5	-	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	20
Craig, Hearcel	SD-15	D	12%	13%	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Dolan, Matthew	SD-24	R	44%	42%	-	-	5	12	8	14	-	-	-	5	-	23
Eklund, John	SD-18	R	81%	61%	14	-	5	12	8	14	9	14	-	5	-	1
Fedor, Teresa	SD-11	D	13%	21%	-	-	-	12	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	27
Gavarone, Theresa	SD-02	R	72%	53%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Hackett, Robert	SD-10	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Hoagland, Frank	SD-30	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Hottinger, Jay	SD-31	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Huffman, Matt	SD-12	R	72%	62%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Huffman, Stephen	SD-05	R	72%	65%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Johnson, Terry	SD-14	R	72%	72%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Kunze, Stephanie	SD-16	R	53%	47%	14	-	-	12	8	14	-	-	-	5	-	22
Lehner, Peggy	SD-06	R	41%	36%	-	-	5	х	8	14	х	-	-	х	Х	24
Maharath, Tina	SD-03	D	13%	20%	-	Х	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
Manning, Nathan	SD-13	R	72%	57%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3

OHIO SENATE VOTES

Ohio 2020 | Senate Scorecard (Continued)

Name	District	Party	Score	Life- score	HB75	HB151	HB242	HB251	SB1	SB33	SB212	SB311	SB328	SB341	SB362	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	N	Υ	N	Υ	N	
POINTS					14	6	5	12	8	14	9	14	5	5	8	
McColley, Robert	SD-01	R	72%	69%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
O'Brien, Sean	SD-32	D	29%	27%	-	-	-	X	8	14	-	-	-	X	Х	25
Obhof, Larry	SD-22	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Peterson, Bob	SD-17	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Roegner, Kristina	SD-27	R	77%	72%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	5	5	-	2
Rulli, Michael	SD-33	R	61%	64%	Х	-	5	12	8	I	-	14	-	5	-	19
Schaffer, Timothy	SD-20	R	72%	63%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Schuring, Kirk	SD-29	R	58%	49%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	-	-	5	-	21
Sykes, Vernon	SD-28	D	13%	21%	-	-	X	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
Thomas, Cecil	SD-09	D	12%	13%	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
Williams, Sandra	SD-21	D	0%	0%	-	-	-	х	-	-	-	-	-	х	Х	33
Wilson, Steve	SD-07	R	72%	56%	14	-	5	12	8	14	-	14	-	5	-	3
Yuko, Kenny	SD-25	D	19%	7%	Х	-	-	12	-	I	X	-	-	-	-	26

HB 75

LIMITS ON POTENTIAL TAX INCREASES (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill limits the circumstances under which a local government may initiate a property tax complaint against a residential property, and requires that elected officials in that locale approve such property tax complaints. Under the current law, local governments may file suit indiscriminately against a homeowner and seek to revise his property value higher, without legislative oversight. This legislation provides redress to homeowners and citizens by enabling them to push back against government bureaucracies seeking to strongarm Ohioans into paying more taxes. The Ohio Senate passed the bill, 21-10, on December 22, 2020. The Ohio House passed it, 54-39, on December 11, 2019.

HB 151

SUBSIDIZED CENTRAL PLANNING FOR **CHIROPRACTORS**

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill creates a new taxpayer-backed school loan repayment program for chiropractors who agree to practice for a specified period of time in so-called "chiropractic health resource shortage areas" as determined by the state health director. The loan repayment can either be in whole or in part, meaning Ohio taxpayers will potentially fully subsidize chiropractic school for a centrallyplanned government scheme that determines which areas of the state will receive care. This not only places taxpayers on the hook for bailouts, but also empowers a single government official to direct the provision of health care to specific populations. This approach is indistinguishable from socialized medicine. The Ohio House passed the bill, 95-1, on February 12, 2020. The Ohio Senate passed it, 32-0, on November 18, 2020.

HB 242

PROHIBIT BANS ON PLASTIC BAG (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill reduces the regulation of auxiliary containers such as plastic grocery bags and prohibits municipalities, counties, or limited home-rule townships from imposing taxes or bans on various kinds of auxiliary containers for one year. Reducing government regulations that unduly harm consumers through the imposition of costlier "green" alternatives protects hardworking taxpayers and consumers alike. Furthermore, reduced regulation ensures that small businesses with limited resources will not be placed at a disadvantage against larger competitors in the broader market. The Ohio House passed the bill, 58-35, on September 23, 2020. The Ohio Senate passed it, 23-9, on May 27, 2020.

HB 251

TORT REFORM

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill is designed to combat lawsuit abuse and improve opportunities for economic growth by reducing the statute of limitations on claims of a breach of contract. Specifically, the legislation reduces the statute of limitations from eight years to six years for written contracts and from six years to four years for oral contacts. All parties harmed through legitimate breach of contract have a right to seek redress through the legal system. Additionally, the legislation provides for civil action against attorneys or law firms for legal malpractice with a four year statute of limitations. This is an important check against predatory trial lawyers who abuse the legal system to enrich their firms at the expense of entrepreneurs, businesses, and other industries. The Ohio Senate passed the bill, 29-1, on December 9, 2020. The Ohio House passed it, 92-0, on November 19, 2019.

SB 33

PROPERTY PROTECTION FOR CRITICAL **INFRASTRUCTUR**

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

House and Senate - The bill implements proactive protection measures for critical state infrastructure facilities by providing a civil right of action against anyone who intentionally inflicts damage on them. The legislation defines critical infrastructure facilities as petroleum refineries, water treatment facilities, electric generating facilities, pipelines, ports, and more. Protecting property rights is critical for preserving a free society. This includes protection for critical facilities necessary for the economic, civil, and security functions in a society. The Ohio Senate passed this bill, 24-7, on December 22, 2020. The Ohio House passed it, 55-30, on December 17, 2020.

SB 212

CORPORATE WELFARE FOR DEVELOPERS

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill grants tax exemptions to property developers who build in municipally-designated Neighborhood Development Areas (NDAs). The legislation defines an NDA as a continuous boundary that does not exceed 300 acres and does not constitute the entirety of a township. This scheme creates a tax carve-out for special interest groups powered through centralplanning that distorts the real estate market by directing developers to conduct business in government-preferred zoning areas. The Ohio Senate passed the bill, 29-1, on March 4, 2020. The Ohio House did not take it up.

SB 311

RESTRICT POWERS OF UNELECTED **BUREAUCRATS**

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits the state public health director from directly or indirectly imposing regional or statewide mandates on Ohioans requiring

lockdowns or quarantines amid a public health emergency without the ongoing consent of the state legislature. In a free society, elected representatives—not unelected bureaucrats are entrusted with the people's wellbeing. Forcibly quarantining entire populations through government coercion and edict is antithetical to the American idea. The Ohio Senate passed the bill, 20-13, on September 23, 2020. The Ohio House passed it, 58-32, on November 19, 2020.

SB 328

MEDICAID EXPANSION FOR DOULAS

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill creates a pilot program that requires state Medicaid funds to cover expenses for doulas. Medicaid expansion has been a disaster for state budgets and quality of care since its implementation in 2013 and Ohio is no exception. Ohio's Medicaid spending has increased 300 percent since 2000 and accounts for roughly 40 percent of state expenditures-the most in the nation. Instead of further expanding Medicaid and its long-term harm, lawmakers should work to rollback the expansion to protect both patients and taxpayers. The Ohio Senate passed the bill, 32-1, on September 23, 2020. The Ohio House did not take it up.

SB 341

OCCUPATIONAL RECIPROCITY FOR NURSING

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill enacts occupational licensing reciprocity for nurses who have obtained licenses in Ohio as well as other states that have entered into the Nursing Licensure Compact. Occupational licensing increases costs and serves as an arbitrary barrier to entry that disproportionately impacts lower-income households and professions. These onerous regulatory schemes should be eliminated. The Ohio Senate passed the bill, 23-7, on December 9, 2020. The Ohio House did not take it up.

SB 362

CORPORATE WELFARE EXPANSION FOR **RURAL AREAS**

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill expands a tax credit program ostensibly aimed at creating job growth in rural parts of Ohio. Specifically, the legislation doubles the amount of corporate welfare dollars available to program participants and investment firms from \$75 million to \$150 million and more than doubles credit-eligible capital contributions from \$40 million to \$90 million. This program is little more than corporate welfare favoritism benefitting politically-connected business interests through special tax credits. The government should not be picking winners and losers and it should let the free market do its work. The Ohio Senate passed the bill, 30-0, on December 9, 2020. The Ohio House did not take it up.

SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

SB₁

COMPREHENSIVE REGULATORY REFORM (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill requires cabinet level agencies, executive statewide elected officials, and four additional commissions to establish a base inventory of their regulatory restrictions, review their rules thoroughly, and then reduce them by 30 percent in three years, with benchmarks of 10 percent each year. Agencies or departments that fail to achieve those benchmarks must repeal two regulations for every additional regulation they impose. Eliminating onerous and unnecessary regulations expands both individual and economic freedom, empowering citizens to innovate, build, and thrive. The Ohio House passed the bill, 58-37, on May 6, 2020. The Ohio Senate passed it, 25-8, on December 3, 2020.

SENATE VOTE **DESCRIPTIONS**



100 MEMBERS

Ohio House Snapshot

62 Republicans

38 Democrats

O Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 78%

Average Democrat Score: 20%





HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICANS

Rep. Niraj Antani (HD-42) | 89% Rep. Mark Romanchuk (HD-2) | 89%



LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICAN

Rep. Nino Vitale (HD-85) | 63%





HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRATS

Rep. Jack Cera (HD-96) | 37% Rep. Jessica Miranda (HD-28) | 37%



LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRAT

Rep. Juanita Brent (HD-12) | 0%

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY

OHIO SENATE SNAPSHOT

> OHIO SENATE VOTES

OHIO SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

OHIO HOUSE SNAPSHOT

> OHIO HOUSE VOTES

Ohio 2020 | House Scorecard

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifescore	HB13	HB151	HB163	HB199	HB220	HB242	HB484	HB621	HB624	SB1	SB33	SB311	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					N	N	Y	N	Υ	Y	N	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	
POINTS					7	6	6	4	9	6	5	12	9	12	11	13	
Abrams, Cindy	HD-29	R	78%	79%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Antani, Niraj	HD-42	R	89%	74%	-	6	6	-	9	6	5	12	9	12	11	13	1
Baldridge, Brian	HD-90	R	78%	53%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Becker, John	HD-65	R	75%	78%	-	-	6	х	9	6	-	х	9	12	11	х	47
Blair, Gil	HD-63	D	11%	19%	-	-	-	х	9	-	-	х	-	-	-	-	88
Boggs, Kristin	HD-18	D	28%	37%	7	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	67
Boyd, Janine	HD-09	D	n/a	n/a	Х	-	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	
Brent, Juanita	HD-12	D	0%	24%	-	-	-	-	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96
Brinkman, Thomas	HD-27	R	80%	63%	7	-	6	4	-	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	21
Brown, Richard	HD-20	D	21%	32%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Butler, James	HD-41	R	78%	57%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Callender, Jamie	HD-61	R	82%	59%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Carfagna, Rick	HD-68	R	78%	62%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Carruthers, Sara	HD-51	R	78%	61%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Cera, Jack	HD-96	D	37%	28%	-	-	-	х	9	6	-	х	-	-	11	х	62
Clites, Randi	HD-75	D	15%	23%	-	-	-	-	9	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	85
Crawley, Erica	HD-26	D	21%	30%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Cross, Jon	HD-83	R	75%	54%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	х	13	47
Crossman, Jeffrey	HD-15	D	21%	26%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Cupp, Robert	HD-04	R	72%	56%	-	-	-	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	54

HOUSE **VOTES**

Ohio 2020 | House Scorecard (Continued)

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifescore	HB13	HB151	HB163	HB199	HB220	HB242	HB484	HB621	HB624	SB1	SB33	SB311	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	
POINTS					7	6	6	4	9	6	5	12	9	12	11	13	
Cutrona, Alessandro	HD-59	R	80%	80%	-	1	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	I	11	13	21
Dean, Bill	HD-74	R	75%	86%	-	-	-	4	9	-	5	12	9	12	11	13	47
Denson, Sedrick	HD-33	D	8%	28%	7	-	-	-	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95
DeVitis, Anthony	HD-36	R	81%	54%	Х	-	6	х	х	6	-	х	9	12	х	13	18
Edwards, Jay	HD-94	R	78%	57%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Fraizer, Mark	HD-71	R	78%	78%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Galonski, Tavia	HD-35	D	22%	20%	-	-	-	-	9	х	-	12	-	-	-	-	75
Ghanbari, Haraz	HD-03	R	66%	56%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	9	12	11	13	58
Ginter, Timothy	HD-05	R	82%	75%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Green, Doug	HD-66	R	82%	65%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Greenspan, Dave	HD-16	R	66%	56%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	-	11	13	58
Grendell, Diane	HD-76	R	80%	75%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	х	13	21
Hambley, Stephen	HD-69	R	76%	60%	7	-	-	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	Χ	45
Hicks-Hudson, Paula	HD-44	D	21%	26%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Holmes, Adam	HD-97	R	78%	57%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Hood, Ron	HD-78	R	81%	90%	-	-	6	4	9	-	5	12	9	12	11	13	18
Hoops, James	HD-81	R	72%	57%	-	-	-	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	54
Householder, Larry	HD-72	R	73%	52%	-	-	6	-	х	6	-	12	9	12	х	13	53
Howse, Stephanie	HD-11	D	9%	22%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Hudson Hillyer, Brett	HD-98	R	78%	54%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25

Ohio 2020 | House Scorecard (Continued)

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifescore	HB13	HB151	HB163	HB199	HB220	HB242	HB484	HB621	HB624	SB1	SB33	SB311	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					N	N	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Y	
POINTS					7	6	6	4	9	6	5	12	9	12	11	13	
Ingram, Catherine	HD-32	D	9%	21%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Jones, Don	HD-95	R	78%	57%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Jordan, Kris	HD-67	R	74%	63%	-	-	6	4	х	-	-	12	9	12	11	13	52
Keller, Candice	HD-53	R	83%	88%	7	-	6	4	9	-	-	12	9	12	11	13	4
Kelly, Brigid	HD-31	D	9%	39%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Kennedy Kent, Bernadine	HD-25	D	n/a	n/a	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	
Kick, Darrell	HD-70	R	82%	74%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Koehler, Kyle	HD-79	R	82%	75%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Lanese, Laura	HD-23	R	78%	64%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Lang, George	HD-52	R	82%	68%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
LaRe, Jeff	HD-77	R	78%	72%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Leland, David	HD-22	D	28%	37%	7	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	67
Lepore-Hagan, Michele	HD-58	D	10%	34%	-	-	-	х	х	-	5	х	-	-	х	Х	89
Lightbody, Mary	HD-19	D	13%	39%	-	-	-	х	9	-	-	х	-	-	-	х	86
Lipps, Scott	HD-62	R	75%	51%	-	-	6	х	9	6	-	х	9	12	11	Х	47
Liston, Beth	HD-21	D	27%	35%	-	-	6	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	69
Manchester, Susan	HD-84	R	82%	75%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Manning, Don	HD-59	R	n/a	46%	I	-	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	I	
Manning, Gayle	HD-55	R	65%	53%	Х	-	-	-	9	6	-	12	9	-	11	13	60
McClain, Riordan	HD-87	R	82%	81%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5

HOUSE **VOTES**

Ohio 2020 | House Scorecard (Continued)

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifescore	HB13	HB151	HB163	HB199	HB220	HB242	HB484	HB621	HB624	SB1	SB33	SB311	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	
POINTS					7	6	6	4	9	6	5	12	9	12	11	13	
Merrin, Derek	HD-47	R	82%	74%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Miller, Adam	HD-17	D	n/a	74%	X	х	х	-	9	х	х	-	х	х	-	-	
Miller, Joe	HD-56	D	21%	21%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Miranda, Jessica	HD-28	D	37%	40%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	-	-	-	-	62
O'Brien, Michael	HD-64	D	21%	26%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Oelslager, W. Scott	HD-48	R	78%	57%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Patterson, John	HD-99	D	24%	22%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	х	-	72
Patton, Thomas	HD-07	R	82%	49%	Х	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	х	13	5
Perales, Rick	HD-73	R	72%	54%	-	-	-	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	54
Plummer, Phil	HD-40	R	78%	57%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Powell, Jena	HD-80	R	82%	84%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Reineke, Bill	HD-88	R	79%	65%	-	-	6	х	9	6	-	х	9	12	11	13	24
Richardson, Tracy	HD-86	R	78%	65%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Riedel, Craig	HD-82	R	76%	78%	-	-	-	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	45
Robinson, Phil	HD-06	D	21%	38%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Roemer, Bill	HD-38	R	78%	62%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Rogers, John	HD-60	D	30%	32%	-	-	-	-	9	6	-	12	-	-	х	-	64
Romanchuk, Mark	HD-02	R	89%	84%	7	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	1
Russo, Allison	HD-24	D	27%	37%	-	-	6	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	69
Scherer, Gary	HD-92	R	75%	48%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	Х	13	47

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Ohio 2020 | House Scorecard (Continued)

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					N	N	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	
POINTS					7	6	6	4	9	6	5	12	9	12	11	13	
Seitz, William	HD-30	R	78%	57%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Sheehy, Michael	HD-46	D	23%	27%	Х	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	74
Skindell, Michael	HD-13	D	21%	28%	7	-	-	-	9	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	76
Smith, Jeffrey Todd	HD-43	R	82%	70%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Smith, Kent	HD-08	D	9%	28%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Sobecki, Lisa	HD-45	D	29%	31%	х	-	x	-	9	-	х	12	Х	-	-	-	66
Stein, Dick	HD-57	R	78%	52%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Stephens, Jason	HD-93	R	78%	79%	-	-	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Stoltzfus, Reggie	HD-50	R	87%	76%	-	X	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	3
Strahorn, Fred	HD-39	D	9%	33%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Strong Sykes, Emilia	HD-34	D	13%	23%	-	-	-	X	9	-	-	X	-	-	-	X	86
Swearingen, Douglas	HD-89	R	72%	72%	-	-	6	-	9	-	-	12	9	12	11	13	54
Sweeney, Bride	HD-14	D	21%	26%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	76
Upchurch, Terrence	HD-10	D	24%	20%	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	Х	-	72
Vitale, Nino	HD-85	R	63%	64%	X	-	X	X	-	X	-	X	9	12	Х	13	61
Weinstein, Casey	HD-37	D	30%	31%	-	-	6	-	9	-	-	12	-	-	X	-	64
West, Thomas	HD-49	D	27%	25%	-	-	-	-	9	6	-	12	-	-	-	-	69
Wiggam, Scott	HD-01	R	82%	74%	-	-	6	4	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	5
Wilkin, Shane	HD-91	R	78%	60%	-	•	6	-	9	6	-	12	9	12	11	13	25
Zeltwanger, Paul	HD-54	R	81%	66%	-	-	6	4	9	х	-	12	9	12	11	13	18

HOUSE **VOTES**

Ohio 2020 | House Vote Descriptions

HB 13

BROADBAND SUBSIDIES FOR RURAL AREAS

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill creates a massive new corporate welfare scheme for rural broadband development in Ohio. Specifically, the legislation establishes a new grant program that provides financial incentives for local governments to use to close the "broadband gap" by denoting the difference between the amount of funds needed and the amount of money companies are willing to spend. This creates perverse incentives for companies to engage in otherwise unprofitable ventures at the expense of hardworking taxpayers. This program is little more than a corporate welfare subsidy for well-connected broadband providers. The Ohio House passed this bill, 82-8, on June 11, 2020. The Ohio Senate did not take it up.

HB 151

SUBSIDIZED CENTRAL PLANNING FOR **CHIROPRACTORS**

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill creates a new taxpayer-backed school loan repayment program for chiropractors who agree to practice for a specified period of time in so-called "chiropractic health resource shortage areas" as determined by the state health director. The loan repayment can either be in whole or in part, meaning Ohio taxpayers will potentially fully subsidize chiropractic school for a centrallyplanned government scheme that determines which areas of the state will receive care. This not only places taxpayers on the hook for bailouts, but also empowers a single government official to direct the provision of health care to specific populations. This approach is indistinguishable from socialized medicine. The Ohio House passed the bill, 95-1, on February 12, 2020. The Ohio Senate passed it, 32-0, on November 18, 2020.

HB 163

ENHANCED COMPETITION FOR WATER SERVICES

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill discourages municipalities from charging suburban, township, and rural residents more for water than city-dwelling or urban residents by withholding state subsidies to those municipalities. Water service utilities in large cities should not be allowed to become monopolistic suppliers of an essential service and then abuse that position to make undue profit at the expense of other state residents. The Ohio House passed the bill, 56-38, on June 10, 2020. The Ohio Senate did not take it up.

HB 199

EXPANSION OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING SCHEME

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill expands the existing occupational licensing scheme for roofers through the addition of a new commercial roofing license within the specialty contractors licensing structure. The legislation adds no discernible benefit to the market and negatively impacts smaller roofing companies through the imposition of new fees and regulations. Occupational licensing serves as an arbitrary barrier to entry that disproportionately impacts lower-income households and professions. These onerous regulatory schemes mostly exist to prop up government bureaucrats and should be eliminated. The Ohio House passed the bill, 68-23, on November 18, 2020. The Ohio Senate did not take it up.

HB 220

INCREASING GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY AND SECURITY THROUGH BLOCKCHAIN

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill would allow government subdivisions and agencies to use blockchain encryption technology while conducting government business. Blockchain technology has grown in use among private sector companies because it provides enhanced efficiency and cybersecurity.

Taxpayers benefit when government operations are made more efficient and secure. The Ohio House passed the bill, 89-2, on December 2, 2020. The Ohio Senate did not take it up.

HB 242

PROHIBIT BANS ON PLASTIC BAG

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill reduces the regulation of auxiliary containers such as plastic grocery bags and prohibits municipalities, counties, or limited home-rule townships from imposing taxes or bans on various kinds of auxiliary containers for one year. Reducing government regulations that unduly harm consumers through the imposition of costlier "green" alternatives protects hardworking taxpayers and consumers alike. Furthermore, reduced regulation ensures that small businesses with limited resources will not be placed at a disadvantage against larger competitors in the broader market. The Ohio House passed the bill, 58-35, on September 23, 2020. The Ohio Senate passed it, 23-9, on May 27, 2020.

HB 484

NEW LICENSING SCHEME

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill imposes new licensing and occupational regulations on athletic trainers, forcing them to undergo licensing procedures similar to medical-related fields. Occupational licensing serves as an arbitrary barrier to entry that disproportionately impacts lower-income households and professions and increases costs to consumers. These onerous regulatory schemes should be eliminated. The Ohio House passed the bill, 90-5, on June 10, 2020. The Ohio Senate did not take it up.

HB 621

BUSINESS FAIRNESS DURING PANDEMICS (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill provides protections to small businesses impacted by COVID-19 public health mandates. Specifically, the legislation allows businesses to continue operations so long as the business complies with any safety precautions issued through a local board of health regulation.

Ohio 2020 | House Vote Descriptions

The measure effectively prevents authorities from shuttering local businesses so long as those entities are not violating existing safety precautions. The Ohio House passed the bill, 77-10, on November 18, 2020. The Ohio Senate did not take it up.

HB 624

INCREASED GOVERNMENT **TRANSPARENCY**

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill requires the state government to release all COVID-19 data to the public, including numbers of recoveries and total tests administered, as well as to present the data in daily totals and not only cumulative totals. Government transparency in a public health crisis is vital to ensure citizens can trust their institutions not to use the moment to seize more power at the expense of freedom. The Ohio House passed the bill, 61-34, on June 10, 2020. The Ohio Senate did not take it up.

SB 1

COMPREHENSIVE REGULATORY REFORM (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill requires cabinet level agencies, executive statewide elected officials, and four additional commissions to establish a base inventory of their regulatory restrictions, review their rules thoroughly, and then reduce them by 30 percent in three years, with benchmarks of 10 percent each year. Agencies or departments that fail to achieve those benchmarks must repeal two regulations for every additional regulation they impose. Eliminating onerous and unnecessary regulations expands both individual and economic freedom, empowering citizens to innovate, build, and thrive. The Ohio House passed the bill, 58-37, on May 6, 2020. The Ohio Senate passed it, 25-8, on December 3, 2020.

SB 33

PROTECTING CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements proactive protection measures for critical state infrastructure facilities by providing a civil right of action against anyone who intentionally inflicts damage on them. The legislation defines critical infrastructure facilities as petroleum refineries, water treatment facilities, electric generating facilities, pipelines, ports, and more. Protecting property rights is critical for preserving a free society. This includes protection for critical facilities necessary for the economic, civil, and security functions in a society. The Ohio Senate passed this bill, 24-7, on December 22, 2020. The Ohio House passed it, 55-30, on December 17, 2020.

SB 311

RESTRICT POWERS OF UNELECTED BUREAUCRATS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits the state public health director from directly or indirectly imposing regional or statewide mandates on Ohioans requiring lockdowns or quarantines amid a public health emergency without the ongoing consent of the state legislature. In a free society, elected representatives—not unelected bureaucrats—

Ohio 2020 | House Vote Descriptions

are entrusted with the people's wellbeing. Forcibly quarantining entire populations through government coercion and edict is antithetical to the American idea. The Ohio House passed the bill, 58-32, on November 19, 2020. The Ohio Senate passed it, 20-13, on September 23, 2020.