



2024

Wisconsin State Legislative Scorecard

See how Members of Wisconsin's State Legislature are voting on economic growth issues.



Club for Growth Foundation is a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization focused on educating the public about the value of free markets, pro-growth policies, and economic prosperity.

State Scorecards are created by the Club for Growth Foundation to educate the public about the voting records of the legislators who serve in state legislatures. This is part of a larger scorecard project that the Club for Growth Foundation has created to educate the public about the economic positions taken by legislators in states across the country.

Our Mission

THE FOUNDATION EDUCATES THE PUBLIC ABOUT PRO-GROWTH POLICIES.

THE FOUNDATION CONDUCTS COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATIONS OF VOTING RECORDS.

THE FOUNDATION'S GOAL IS TO INFORM THE PUBLIC AND BRING AWARENESS TO LAWMAKERS.

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Club for Growth Foundation publishes the scorecard study so the public can monitor the actions and the voting behavior of Wisconsin’s elected state lawmakers on economic growth issues.

The Foundation conducted a comprehensive examination of each lawmaker’s record on votes related to pro-growth policies and computed an Economic Growth Score on a scale of 0 to 100. A score of 100 indicates the highest support for pro-growth policies.

The Foundation examines legislative votes related to the Club’s immediate pro-economic growth policy goals, including:

- Reducing or eliminating tax rates and enacting tax reform
- Limiting government through limited spending and budget reform
- Regulatory reform and deregulation
- Ending abusive lawsuits through medical malpractice and tort reform
- Expanding school choice
- Implementing Term Limits

Not all of these policy goals will come up for a vote in each legislative session.

The Foundation also examines votes on bills that would directly harm these goals.

This scorecard is based on selected votes of importance to the Foundation and does not include the complete voting record of any legislator. There are inherent limitations in judging the overall qualifications of any legislator based on a selected voting record, and the Foundation does not endorse or oppose any legislator for public office.

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LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS CONSIDERED IN WISCONSIN IN 2024

The Foundation’s study examined 241 floor votes and, in the end, included 13 Wisconsin Assembly votes and 11 Wisconsin Senate votes.

COMPUTATION

Scores are computed on a scale of 0 to 100. Each vote or action in the rating is assigned a certain number of points depending on its relative importance. If a lawmaker casts a correct vote, the scorecard will denote it with that number. If a lawmaker casts an incorrect vote, the scorecard will denote that vote with a hyphen (-). Absences are not counted – signified as an “X” on the scorecard – though the Foundation reserves the right to do so if, in its judgment, a lawmaker’s position was otherwise discernible. If a lawmaker was not officially sworn into office at the time of a vote, the scorecard will denote that vote with an “I”.

To provide some additional guidance concerning the scores, each lawmaker was ranked. Aside from ties, lawmakers with

0% scores are, by default, ranked #99 in the Assembly and #33 in the Senate if all lawmakers are present. Scores and ranks cannot be directly compared between the Assembly and Senate, as different votes were taken in each chamber. If applicable, the study also records a “Lifetime Score” for each lawmaker. This is a simple average of the scores from 2024 and all previous years where the lawmaker earned a score.

In some cases, a lawmaker was not present for enough votes for a meaningful score or ranking to be computed. In such cases, “n.a.” for “not applicable” appears. In computing lifetime scores, years with “n.a.” listed instead of a score are not included. Comparing such scores to other members without “n.a.” years may be misleading.

ADDITIONAL FACTORS

A study of roll call votes on the floor of the Wisconsin Assembly and Wisconsin Senate and legislative actions is just that. It cannot account for a lawmaker’s work in committee, advocacy in his party’s caucus meetings, and effectiveness as a leader in advocating pro-growth policies.

“Through the release of this series, the Club for Growth Foundation is looking at how state legislatures perform in terms of pro-growth policies. We believe that this scorecard will help inform citizens and entrepreneurs about who supports the policies that are good for economic prosperity.”

- DAVID McINTOSH
PRESIDENT, CLUB FOR GROWTH FOUNDATION

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33 MEMBERS

Wisconsin Senate Snapshot

22 Republicans

11 Democrats

0 Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 71%

Average Democrat Score: 2%

HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICANS

Robert Cowles (SD-2) | 84%

Chris Kapenga (SD-33) | 84%

Steve Nass (SD-11) | 84%

LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICAN

17 members tied at 68%

HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRAT

Tim Carpenter (SD-3) | 17%

LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRATS

Melissa Agard Sargent (SD-16) | 0%

Dianne Hesselbein (SD-27) | 0%

LaTonya Johnson (SD-6) | 0%

Brad Pfaff (SD-32) | 0%

Kelda Roys (SD-26) | 0%

Jeff Smith (SD-31) | 0%

Mark Spreitzer (SD-15) | 0%

Robert Wirsch (SD-22) | 0%

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Name	District	Party	Score	Lifetime	AB386	AB395	AB627	AB1020	AB1021	AJR6	AJR112	SB719	SB792	SB894	SB895	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
POINTS					15	5	6	11	11	8	8	10	10	6	10	
Agard Sargent, Melissa	SD-16	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Ballweg, Joan	SD-14	R	68%	65%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Bradley, Julian	SD-28	R	68%	75%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Cabral-Guevara, Rachael	SD-19	R	68%	71%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Carpenter, Tim	SD-03	D	17%	18%	-	-	6	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	23
Cowles, Robert	SD-02	R	84%	80%	15	5	6	11	11	8	8	10	10	-	-	1
Felzkowski, Mary	SD-12	R	68%	70%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Feyen, Dan	SD-18	R	68%	70%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Hesselbein, Dianne	SD-27	D	0%	8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Hutton, Rob	SD-05	R	68%	77%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Jacque, Andre	SD-01	R	74%	73%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	6	-	4
Jagler, John	SD-13	R	68%	70%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
James, Jesse	SD-23	R	68%	73%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Johnson, LaTonya	SD-06	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Kapenga, Chris	SD-33	R	84%	82%	15	5	6	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	10	1
Knodl, Daniel	SD-08	R	68%	76%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Larson, Chris	SD-07	D	6%	15%	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
LeMahieu, Devin	SD-09	R	68%	70%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Marklein, Howard	SD-17	R	68%	70%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Nass, Steve	SD-11	R	84%	75%	15	5	6	11	11	8	8	10	10	-	-	1
Pfaff, Brad	SD-32	D	0%	9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25

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Name	District	Party	Score	Lifetime	AB386	AB395	AB627	AB1020	AB1021	AJR6	AJR112	SB719	SB792	SB894	SB895	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
POINTS					15	5	6	11	11	8	8	10	10	6	10	
Quinn, Romaine	SD-25	R	68%	71%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Roys, Kelda	SD-26	D	0%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Smith, Jeff	SD-31	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Spreitzer, Mark	SD-15	D	0%	4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Stafsholt, Rob	SD-10	R	68%	73%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Stroebel, Duey	SD-20	R	74%	77%	15	5	6	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	4
Taylor, Lena	SD-04	D	n/a	24%	X	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	X	I	I	
Testin, Patrick	SD-24	R	68%	75%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Tomczyk, Cory	SD-29	R	68%	69%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Wanggaard, Van	SD-21	R	68%	68%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Wimberger, Eric	SD-30	R	68%	70%	15	5	-	11	11	8	8	10	-	-	-	6
Wirch, Robert	SD-22	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25

Wisconsin 2024 | Senate Vote Descriptions

AB 386

SIGNIFICANT INCOME TAX REDUCTION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill reduces income taxes for working-class Wisconsinites. Specifically, the legislation consolidates two income tax brackets into one bracket, reducing the total number of brackets from four to three and lowering the rate for most in the new second bracket. Additionally, the bill sets the new bracket for those making between \$10,000 and \$300,000, effectively lowering the tax rate for everyone earning annual income between those two figures from 5.3 percent to 4.4 percent. Further, the bill incorporates a \$150,000 exemption on retirement payments for married couples 65 and older. Estimates suggest these bracket changes, retirement exemptions, and rate reductions will reduce taxes by \$3.3 billion over the next two years. The legislation provides relief for the bulk of the state’s workers and households during a time of high costs and persistent inflation. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on January

16, 2024. The Wisconsin Assembly passed it in 2023. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

AB 395

RIDESHARING TAX ROLLBACK

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements numerous provisions regulating peer-to-peer ride-sharing operations, including efforts to pare back state and local revenue grabs. Specifically, the legislation prohibits state and local rental car taxes from being levied against sharing programs and shared vehicle owners if sales taxes have been paid on the vehicle. Estimates suggest this would reduce taxes on gig economy entrepreneurs by more than \$300,000 annually. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 63-35, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on March 12, 2024. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

AB 627

CRONY CORPORATE WELFARE SCHEME

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill modifies and expands a crony business carveout. Specifically, the legislation expands an existing \$22 million business development tax credit by increasing the credit from 3 percent of an entity’s personal property tax and 5 percent of an entity’s real property to 10 percent for both. Further, the bill provides for tax credits equal to 15 percent of an entity’s workforce housing and childcare investments, while diminishing existing eligibility requirements to receive these taxpayer-backed rewards. Lawmakers should not expand corporate welfare programs that pick winners and losers, rewarding well-connected interests at the expense of hardworking families. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 26-6, on March 12, 2024. The Wisconsin Assembly passed it on February 13, 2024, through suspension of the rules.

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AB 1020

TARGETED INCOME TAX REDUCTION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill reduces income taxes for working-class Wisconsinites. Specifically, the legislation extends the state's second individual income tax bracket from \$28,640 to \$112,500, effectively lowering the tax rate for everyone earning annual income between those two figures from 5.3 percent to 4.4 percent. Estimates suggest these bracket changes will reduce taxes by \$795 million in FY2025 and by \$775 million on an annual basis thereafter. While such reforms are not transformative in that they fail to simplify brackets and transition the state away from onerous income tax burdens, the legislation does provide relief for the bulk of the state's workers and households. During a time of high costs and persistent inflation, such measures are welcome. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 62-34, on February 13, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on February 20, 2024. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

AB 1021

MITIGATING TAXATION ON RETIREMENT INCOME

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill expands the existing state income tax subtraction for retirement payments. Specifically, the legislation provides for people aged 65 or older to exempt \$75,000 in retirement accounts from individual taxable income or \$150,000 for eligible married couples. Estimates suggest that these changes will reduce taxes by \$1.1 billion through FY2026. While exemptions often narrow the tax base or create new distortions, exempting retirement income from state income taxes eliminates a form of double taxation and removes a structural tax on savings. This fosters greater economic opportunity while incentivizing behavior that rewards investment. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 64-32, on February 13, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 23-9, on February 20, 2024. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

AJR 6

NEW CONSTRAINTS ON EXECUTIVE SPENDING

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution proposes a constitutional amendment that restores power to the state legislature. Specifically, the resolution proposes an amendment prohibiting the legislature from delegating its power to determine how federal money gets spent in the state. Under existing Wisconsin statute, the governor has the authority to accept federal funds and then unilaterally determine how it gets spent—undermining the critical separation of powers at the expense of hardworking Wisconsinites who ultimately bear the burden of one individual's spending addiction. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the resolution, 61-35, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on March 12, 2024.

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AJR 112

TAXPAYER PROTECTION RESOLUTION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution proposes a constitutional amendment that protects taxpayers from potential increased tax burdens. Specifically, the resolution proposes an amendment prohibiting the governor from creating a new tax or increasing an existing tax, or authorizing such increases, as part of a partial veto of an appropriations package. This is yet another common-sense taxpayer protection measure for hardworking Wisconsinites who ultimately bear the burden of profligate tax-and-spend policies. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the resolution, 64-34, on February 20, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on March 12, 2024.

SB 719

COST-DRIVING HEALTHCARE OMNIBUS

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill implements new service expansions for the state Medicaid program and imposes new insurance mandates. Specifically, the legislation eliminates all prescription drug cost-sharing for Medicaid recipients. Additionally, the bill caps

insulin cost-sharing at \$35 per month, imposing a new insurance mandate that will further increase premiums. Lawmakers should focus on moving Wisconsinites toward a patient-centered, free-market approach to healthcare instead of imposing new cost-driving mandates and Medicaid service expansions that benefit massive corporate and government bureaucracies. The Wisconsin Senate rejected the bill, 10-22, on February 20, 2024. The Wisconsin Assembly did not take it up.

SB 792

ELECTRIC VEHICLE INFRASTRUCTURE

BOONDOGGLE

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill authorizes local, state, and federal expenditures to implement the state's electric vehicle (EV) infrastructure development plan. Specifically, the legislation authorizes the Department of Transportation to create and oversee an EV infrastructure program using continuing state appropriations and all federal funds earmarked for such purposes. In Wisconsin, EVs comprise roughly 0.29 percent of all registered vehicles, with estimates showing

the average EV costs nearly double that of a gas-powered vehicle. These policies socialize the cost among all Wisconsin taxpayers for the exclusive benefit of the wealthy while simultaneously increasing future spending baselines to maintain such costly infrastructure. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 95-1, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 30-2, on January 16, 2024.

SB 894

FLAGRANT CORPORATE WELFARE

HANDOUT

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill issues corporate welfare handouts to a single entity. Specifically, the legislation appropriates \$7.5 million in taxpayer-subsidized grants through the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation to BioForward, Inc., as part of the state's designation by the federal government as a regional technology and innovation hub. Such handouts are flagrant examples of cronyism that benefit well-connected business entities at the expense of hardworking Wisconsinites and their families. Lawmakers should resist efforts to redistribute

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taxpayer resources to hand-picked winners in the private sector under the pretense that such actions constitute “economic development” and that federal money is “free.” The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 96-0, on February 13, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 31-1, on the same day.

SB 895

MASSIVE HIGHER ED SPENDING PACKAGE (CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill appropriates significant taxpayer funds for university campus renovations and capital projects. Specifically, the legislation appropriates \$423 million in General Fund expenditures for the renovation and construction of new facilities throughout the University of Wisconsin system. Additionally, the bill authorizes \$110.2 million in new debt and borrowing authority within the University of Wisconsin to implement campus restoration efforts, facilitating a cycle that will lead to even higher spending in the future. Hardworking Wisconsinites, particularly those who chose not to attend college, should not be forced to subsidize capital projects at their own

expense. If universities want to improve their facilities, they should utilize private donations and tuition payments. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 95-2, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 31-1, on February 20, 2024.

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99 MEMBERS

Wisconsin Assembly Snapshot

64 Republicans

35 Democrats

0 Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 58%

Average Democrat Score: 1%

HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICAN

Shannon Zimmerman (HD-30) | 91%

LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICANS

Gae Magnafici (HD-28) | 46%

Jon Plumer (HD-42) | 46%

HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRAT

LaKeshia Myers (HD-12) | 12%

LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRATS

32 members scored 0%

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
POINTS					5	5	5	11	11	10	8	8	5	10	6	6	10	
Allen, Scott	HD-97	R	66%	70%	5	5	-	11	11	X	8	8	5	X	-	-	-	3
Anderson, Clinton	HD-45	D	0%	5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Anderson, Jimmy	HD-47	D	0%	9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Andraca, Deb	HD-23	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Armstrong, David	HD-75	R	53%	66%	5	5	-	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	59
August, Tyler	HD-32	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Baldeh, Samba	HD-48	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Bare, Mike	HD-80	D	0%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Behnke, Elijah	HD-89	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Billings, Jill	HD-95	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Binsfeld, Amy	HD-27	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Bodden, Ty	HD-59	R	58%	72%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Born, Mark	HD-39	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Brandtjen, Janel	HD-22	R	58%	77%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Brooks, Robert	HD-60	R	58%	68%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Cabrera, Marisabel	HD-09	D	0%	4%	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	X	-	-	X	-	67
Callahan, Calvin	HD-35	R	58%	73%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Clancy, Ryan	HD-19	D	0%	14%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Conley, Sue	HD-44	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Considine, Dave	HD-81	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Dallman, Alex	HD-41	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
POINTS					5	5	5	11	11	10	8	8	5	10	6	6	10	
Dittrich, Barbara	HD-38	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Donovan, Bob	HD-84	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Doyle, Steve	HD-94	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Drake, Dora	HD-11	D	0%	12%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Duchow, Cindi	HD-99	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Edming, James	HD-87	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Emerson, Jodi	HD-91	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Goeben, Joy	HD-05	R	58%	67%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Goyke, Evan	HD-18	D	0%	9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Green, Chanz	HD-74	R	58%	67%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Gundrum, Rick	HD-58	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Gustafson, Nate	HD-55	R	58%	67%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Haywood, Kalan	HD-16	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Hong, Francesca	HD-76	D	0%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Hurd, Karen	HD-68	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Jacobson, Jenna	HD-43	D	0%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Joers, Alex	HD-79	D	0%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Johnson, Scott	HD-33	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Katsma, Terry	HD-26	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Kitchens, Joel	HD-01	R	58%	67%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Krug, Scott	HD-72	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
POINTS					5	5	5	11	11	10	8	8	5	10	6	6	10	
Kurtz, Tony	HD-50	R	58%	73%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Macco, John	HD-88	R	54%	70%	5	5	5	11	11	-	X	8	5	-	-	-	-	58
Madison, Darrin	HD-10	D	0%	14%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Magnafici, Gae	HD-28	R	46%	69%	5	5	5	X	X	-	8	8	X	-	-	X	-	62
Maxey, Dave	HD-15	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
McGuire, Tip	HD-64	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Melotik, Paul	HD-24	R	58%	58%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Michalski, Tom	HD-13	R	58%	68%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Moore-Omokunde, Supreme	HD-17	D	0%	11%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Moses, Clint	HD-29	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Murphy, David	HD-56	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Mursau, Jeffrey	HD-36	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Myers, LaKeshia	HD-12	D	12%	11%	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	64
Nedweski, Amanda	HD-61	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Neubauer, Greta	HD-66	D	0%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Neylon, Adam	HD-98	R	58%	72%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Novak, Todd	HD-51	R	58%	73%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
O'Connor, Jerry	HD-52	R	58%	64%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Ohnstad, Tod	HD-65	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Oldenburg, Loren	HD-96	R	52%	64%	X	5	5	11	11	-	X	8	5	-	-	-	-	61
Ortiz-Velez, Sylvia	HD-08	D	0%	4%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
POINTS					5	5	5	11	11	10	8	8	5	10	6	6	10	
Palmeri, Lori	HD-54	D	0%	5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Penterman, William	HD-37	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Petersen, Kevin	HD-40	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Petryk, Warren	HD-93	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Plumer, Jon	HD-42	R	46%	69%	5	5	5	X	X	-	8	8	X	-	-	X	-	62
Pronschinske, Treig	HD-92	R	58%	68%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Ratcliff, Melissa	HD-46	D	0%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Rettinger, Nik	HD-83	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Riemer, Daniel	HD-07	D	10%	13%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	66
Rodriguez, Jessie	HD-21	R	53%	72%	5	5	-	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	59
Rozar, Donna	HD-69	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Sapik, Angie	HD-73	R	n/a	75%	5	X	5	11	11	X	X	8	5	X	X	-	X	
Schmidt, Peter	HD-06	R	58%	63%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Schraa, Michael	HD-53	R	58%	73%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Schutt, Ellen	HD-31	R	58%	67%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Shankland, Katrina	HD-71	D	11%	11%	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	65
Shelton, Kristina	HD-90	D	0%	9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Sinicki, Christine	HD-20	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Snodgrass, Lee	HD-57	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Snyder, Patrick	HD-85	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Sortwell, Shae	HD-02	R	73%	78%	5	5	-	11	11	-	8	8	5	10	-	-	10	2

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
POINTS					5	5	5	11	11	10	8	8	5	10	6	6	10	
Spiros, John	HD-86	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Steffen, David	HD-04	R	58%	73%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Stubbs, Shelia	HD-77	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Subeck, Lisa	HD-78	D	0%	3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Summerfield, Rob	HD-67	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Swearingen, Rob	HD-34	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Tittl, Paul	HD-25	R	58%	70%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Tranel, Travis	HD-49	R	56%	70%	X	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	57
Tusler, Ron	HD-03	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
VanderMeer, Nancy	HD-70	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Vining, Robyn	HD-14	D	0%	9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Vos, Robin	HD-63	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Wichgers, Chuck	HD-82	R	58%	77%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Wittke, Robert	HD-62	R	58%	71%	5	5	5	11	11	-	8	8	5	-	-	-	-	4
Zimmerman, Shannon	HD-30	R	91%	83%	5	5	5	11	11	X	8	8	5	X	X	-	X	1

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AB 332

EXPANDED OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING RECIPROCITY (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements broader licensing reciprocity. Specifically, the legislation eliminates the requirement that an individual be an active duty or former service member or spouse of a service member to receive occupational licensing reciprocity in Wisconsin under the Department of Safety and Professional Services and the various credentialing boards within the department. Further, the bill repeals the requirement that an individual physically reside in Wisconsin and provides provisional licensing upon application until a final determination is made. While licensing schemes too often create barriers to entry, decrease competition, and increase costs, reciprocity ensures that professionals are not punished with additional regulatory burdens for practicing their craft in a different state. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 62-35, on January 18, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate did not take it up.

AB 395

RIDESHARING TAX ROLLBACK (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements numerous provisions regulating peer-to-peer ride-sharing operations, including efforts to pare back state and local revenue grabs. Specifically, the legislation prohibits state and local rental car taxes from being levied against sharing programs and shared vehicle owners if sales taxes have been paid on the vehicle. Estimates suggest this would reduce taxes on gig economy entrepreneurs by more than \$300,000 annually. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 63-35, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on March 12, 2024. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

AB 689

MODEST HOMELESSNESS GRANT REFORMS (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill infuses new performance requirements into certain taxpayer-backed grants. Specifically, the legislation requires the Department of

Administration to withhold 10 to 50 percent of funding from grant recipients operating homelessness programs for at least six months to determine if specific metrics have been met. These metrics include demonstration by the grant recipients that their programs have moved more homeless individuals into permanent housing, have increased the number of homeless individuals securing part-time or full-time employment, and have reduced the number of homeless individuals falling back into homelessness after participation in the program. These common-sense requirements incentivize recipients to focus on performance and reassure taxpayers that their hard-earned dollars are being steered toward achieving measurable outcomes within state welfare programs. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 60-39, on February 20, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate did not take it up.

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AB 1020

TARGETED INCOME TAX REDUCTION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill reduces income taxes for working-class Wisconsinites. Specifically, the legislation extends the state’s second individual income tax bracket from \$28,640 to \$112,500, effectively lowering the tax rate for everyone earning annual income between those two figures from 5.3 percent to 4.4 percent. Estimates suggest these bracket changes will reduce taxes by \$795 million in FY2025 and by \$775 million on an annual basis thereafter. While such reforms are not transformative in that they fail to simplify brackets and transition the state away from onerous income tax burdens, the legislation does provide relief for the bulk of the state’s workers and households. During a time of high costs and persistent inflation, such measures are welcome. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 62-34, on February 13, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on February 20, 2024. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

AB 1021

MITIGATING TAXATION ON RETIREMENT

INCOME

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill expands the existing state income tax subtraction for retirement payments. Specifically, the legislation provides for people aged 65 or older to exempt \$75,000 in retirement accounts from individual taxable income or \$150,000 for eligible married couples. Estimates suggest that these changes will reduce taxes by \$1.1 billion through FY2026. While exemptions often narrow the tax base or create new distortions, exempting retirement income from state income taxes eliminates a form of double taxation and removes a structural tax on savings. This fosters greater economic opportunity while incentivizing behavior that rewards investment. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 64-32, on February 13, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 23-9, on February 20, 2024. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

AB 1086

SUPPLEMENTAL MEDICAID SPENDING

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill appropriates supplemental funding for the state Medicaid program. Specifically, the legislation appropriates \$45 million for additional hospital reimbursements, nursing care enhanced reimbursements, and the state’s Medicaid-fueled complex patient pilot program. The Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) is nearly 61 percent in Wisconsin, meaning these supplemental payments will trigger even higher federal payouts on top of the state’s new supplemental spending. The Medicaid welfare program is known for its poor health outcomes, low-quality care, and exorbitant costs imposed on taxpayers. While Wisconsin remains one of the ten states that have wisely refused to expand the program to healthy adults under Obamacare, rubber stamping spending increases for new and enhanced services undermines this position. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 96-0, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate did not take it up.

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AJR 6

NEW CONSTRAINTS ON EXECUTIVE SPENDING

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution proposes a constitutional amendment that restores power to the state legislature. Specifically, the resolution proposes an amendment prohibiting the legislature from delegating its power to determine how federal money gets spent in the state. Under existing Wisconsin statute, the governor has the authority to accept federal funds and then unilaterally determine how it gets spent—undermining the critical separation of powers at the expense of hardworking Wisconsinites who ultimately bear the burden of one individual’s spending addiction. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the resolution, 61-35, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on March 12, 2024.

AJR 112

TAXPAYER PROTECTION RESOLUTION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution proposes a constitutional amendment that protects taxpayers from potential

increased tax burdens. Specifically, the resolution proposes an amendment prohibiting the governor from creating a new tax or increasing an existing tax, or authorizing such increases, as part of a partial veto of an appropriations package. This is yet another common-sense taxpayer protection measure for hardworking Wisconsinites who ultimately bear the burden of profligate tax-and-spend policies. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the resolution, 64-34, on February 20, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 22-10, on March 12, 2024.

SB 436

YOUTH EMPLOYMENT DEREGULATION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill repeals numerous onerous regulations on youth workforce participation. Specifically, the legislation repeals the requirement for 14 and 15-year-olds to obtain a permit authorizing their employment, eliminates the state fee for the permitting process, and repeals the appropriation for the permitting process. As hardworking families and households face persistent inflation and increased costs, providing new opportunities

to supplement income is an important pro-growth and pro-family policy that will help offset the failed tax-and-spend policies of the government. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 62-34, on February 13, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it in 2023. Governor Evers vetoed the bill.

SB 792

ELECTRIC VEHICLE INFRASTRUCTURE BOONDOGGLE

(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill authorizes local, state, and federal expenditures to implement the state’s electric vehicle (EV) infrastructure development plan. Specifically, the legislation authorizes the Department of Transportation to create and oversee an EV infrastructure program using continuing state appropriations and all federal funds earmarked for such purposes. In Wisconsin, EVs comprise roughly 0.29 percent of all registered vehicles, with estimates showing the average EV costs nearly double that of a gas-powered vehicle. These policies socialize the cost among all Wisconsin taxpayers for the exclusive benefit of the wealthy while simultaneously increasing

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future spending baselines to maintain such costly infrastructure. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 95-1, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 30-2, on January 16, 2024.

SB 810

CRONY TRAVEL PROMOTION PROGRAM (CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill creates a significant corporate welfare scheme. Specifically, the legislation authorizes the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation to establish and administer a taxpayer-funded grant program that municipalities, business improvement districts, and government-preferred companies can use to attract major events and tourism opportunities open to the public. While the new program has a private sector matching requirement for grants, lawmakers should not create new crony programs that reward the well-connected to subsidize civic activities under the guise of “economic development” and “travel promotion.” The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 97-0, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it on January 16, 2024, through suspension of the rules.

SB 894

FLAGRANT CORPORATE WELFARE HANDOUT (CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill issues corporate welfare handouts to a single entity. Specifically, the legislation appropriates \$7.5 million in taxpayer-subsidized grants through the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation to BioForward, Inc., as part of the state’s designation by the federal government as a regional technology and innovation hub. Such handouts are flagrant examples of cronyism that benefit well-connected business entities at the expense of hardworking Wisconsinites and their families. Lawmakers should resist efforts to redistribute taxpayer resources to hand-picked winners in the private sector under the pretense that such actions constitute “economic development” and that federal money is “free.” The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 96-0, on February 13, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 31-1, on the same day.

SB 895

MASSIVE HIGHER ED SPENDING PACKAGE (CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill appropriates significant taxpayer funds for university campus renovations and capital projects. Specifically, the legislation appropriates \$423 million in General Fund expenditures for the renovation and construction of new facilities throughout the University of Wisconsin system. Additionally, the bill authorizes \$110.2 million in new debt and borrowing authority within the University of Wisconsin to implement campus restoration efforts, facilitating a cycle that will lead to even higher spending in the future. Hardworking Wisconsinites, particularly those who chose not to attend college, should not be forced to subsidize capital projects at their own expense. If universities want to improve their facilities, they should utilize private donations and tuition payments. The Wisconsin Assembly passed the bill, 95-2, on February 22, 2024. The Wisconsin Senate passed it, 31-1, on February 20, 2024.

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