



2025

# Wyoming State Legislative Scorecard

See how Members of Wyoming's State Legislature are voting on economic growth issues.



Club for Growth Foundation is a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization focused on educating the public about the value of free markets, pro-growth policies, and economic prosperity.

State Scorecards are created by the Club for Growth Foundation to educate the public about the voting records of the legislators who serve in state legislatures. This is part of a larger scorecard project that the Club for Growth Foundation has created to educate the public about the economic positions taken by legislators in states across the country.

# Our Mission

THE FOUNDATION  
EDUCATES THE  
PUBLIC ABOUT PRO-  
GROWTH POLICIES.

THE FOUNDATION  
CONDUCTS  
COMPREHENSIVE  
EXAMINATIONS OF  
VOTING RECORDS.

THE FOUNDATION'S  
GOAL IS TO INFORM  
THE PUBLIC AND  
BRING AWARENESS  
TO LAWMAKERS.

METHODOLOGY  
2025 WYOMING

WYOMING  
SENATE  
SNAPSHOT

WYOMING  
SENATE  
VOTES

WYOMING  
SENATE  
VOTE  
DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING  
HOUSE  
SNAPSHOT

WYOMING  
HOUSE  
VOTES

WYOMING  
HOUSE  
VOTE  
DESCRIPTIONS

# Methodology | Wyoming 2025

Club for Growth Foundation publishes the scorecard study so the public can monitor the actions and the voting behavior of Wyoming’s elected state lawmakers on economic growth issues.

The Foundation conducted a comprehensive examination of each lawmaker’s record on votes related to pro-growth policies and computed an Economic Growth Score on a scale of 0 to 100. A score of 100 indicates the highest support for pro-growth policies.

**The Foundation examines legislative votes related to the Foundation’s immediate pro-economic growth policy goals, including:**

- Reducing or eliminating tax rates and enacting tax reform
- Limited government through limited spending and budget reform
- Regulatory reform and deregulation
- Ending abusive lawsuits through medical malpractice and tort reform
- Expanding school choice
- Implementing term limits

Not all of these policy goals will come up for a vote in each legislative session.

The Foundation also examines votes on bills that would directly harm these goals.

This scorecard is based on selected votes of importance to the Foundation, and does not include the complete voting record of any legislator. There are inherent limitations in judging the overall qualifications of any legislator based on a selected voting record, and the Foundation does not endorse or oppose any legislator for public office.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE RANKINGS

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS CONSIDERED IN WYOMING IN 2025

The Foundation’s study examined over 875 floor votes and, in the end, included 19 Wyoming House votes and 13 Wyoming Senate votes.

### COMPUTATION

Scores are computed on a scale of 0 to 100. Each vote or action in the rating is assigned a certain number of points depending on its relative importance. If a lawmaker casts a correct vote, the scorecard will denote it with that number. If a lawmaker casts an incorrect vote, the scorecard will denote that vote with a hyphen (-). Absences are not counted – signified as an “X” on the scorecard – though the Foundation reserves the right to do so if, in its judgment, a lawmaker’s position was otherwise discernible. If a lawmaker was not officially sworn into office at the time of a vote, the scorecard will denote that vote with an “I”.

To provide some additional guidance concerning the scores, each lawmaker was ranked. Aside from ties, lawmakers with 0%

scores are, by default, ranked #62 in the House and #31 in the Senate if all lawmakers are present. Scores and ranks cannot be directly compared between the House and Senate, as different votes were taken in each chamber. If applicable, the study also records a “Lifetime Score” for each lawmaker. This is a simple average of the scores from 2025 and all previous years where the lawmaker earned a score.

In some cases, a lawmaker was not present for enough votes for a meaningful score or ranking to be computed. In such cases, “n.a.” for “not applicable” appears. In computing lifetime scores, years with “n.a.” listed instead of a score are not included. Comparing such scores to other members without “n.a.” years may be misleading.

### ADDITIONAL FACTORS

A study of roll call votes on the floor of the Wyoming House and Wyoming Senate and legislative actions is just that. It cannot account for a lawmaker’s work in committee, advocacy in his party’s caucus meetings, and effectiveness as a leader in advocating pro-growth policies.

“Through the release of this series, the Club for Growth Foundation is looking at how state legislatures perform in terms of pro-growth policies. We believe that this scorecard will help inform citizens and entrepreneurs about who supports the policies that are good for economic prosperity.”

**- DAVID McINTOSH**  
PRESIDENT, CLUB FOR GROWTH FOUNDATION

ABOUT THE  
FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY  
2025 WYOMING

WYOMING  
SENATE  
SNAPSHOT

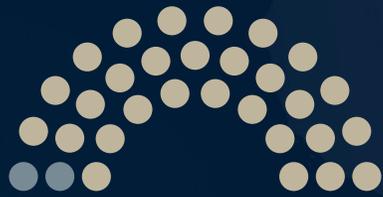
WYOMING  
SENATE  
VOTES

WYOMING  
SENATE  
VOTE  
DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING  
HOUSE  
SNAPSHOT

WYOMING  
HOUSE  
RANKINGS

WYOMING  
HOUSE  
VOTE  
DESCRIPTIONS



31 MEMBERS

# Wyoming Senate Snapshot

29 Republicans

2 Democrats

0 Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 78%

Average Democrat Score: 51%

## HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICAN SENATORS

Bo Biteman (SD-21) | 100%

Tim French (SD-18) | 100%

Bob Ide (SD-29) | 100%

Dan Laursen (SD-19) | 100%

Troy McKeown (SD-24) | 100%

Tim Salazar (SD-26) | 100%

Cheri Steinmetz (SD-3) | 100%

Laura Taliaferro Pearson (SD-14) | 100%

## LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICAN SENATOR

Cale Case (SD-25) | 13%

## HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRAT SENATOR

Mike Gierau (SD-17) | 72%

## LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRAT SENATOR

Chris Rothfuss (SD-9) | 30%

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

# Wyoming 2025 | Senate Scorecard

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifetime	HB0075	HB0121	HB0147	HB0166	HB0199	HB0264	HB0282	HB0289	SF0069	SF0168	SF0175	SF0191	SJ0004	Rank
<b>PRO-GROWTH POSITION</b>					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
<b>POINTS</b>					5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	
Anderson, Jim	SD-28	R	79%	35%	5	-	5	5	-	5	X	5	10	8	15	5	4	15
Barlow, Eric	SD-23	R	74%	37%	5	-	5	5	X	5	-	X	X	8	15	5	4	19
Biteman, Bo	SD-21	R	100%	96%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	1
Boner, Brian	SD-02	R	85%	57%	5	3	5	5	15	5	-	5	10	8	15	5	4	9
Brennan, Evie	SD-31	R	62%	57%	-	-	5	5	15	5	-	5	10	8	-	5	4	25
Case, Cale	SD-25	R	13%	40%	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	31
Cooper, Ed	SD-20	R	67%	44%	5	-	5	5	-	5	-	5	10	8	15	5	4	22
Crago, Barry	SD-22	R	65%	40%	5	-	5	5	-	5	-	5	10	8	15	X	4	24
Crum, Gary	SD-10	R	85%	85%	5	X	5	5	15	5	-	5	10	8	15	5	4	9
Dockstader, Dan	SD-16	R	74%	61%	5	-	5	5	X	5	-	X	X	8	15	5	4	19
Driskill, Ogden	SD-01	R	76%	44%	5	-	5	5	15	-	-	5	10	8	15	X	4	18
French, Tim	SD-18	R	100%	89%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	1
Gierau, Mike	SD-17	D	72%	26%	-	-	5	5	15	5	-	-	10	8	15	5	4	21
Hicks, Larry	SD-11	R	67%	57%	-	-	5	5	15	5	-	5	-	8	15	5	4	22
Hutchings, Lynn	SD-05	R	79%	86%	5	3	5	5	15	5	-	-	10	8	15	X	4	15
Ide, Bob	SD-29	R	100%	100%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	1
Jones, Stacy	SD-13	R	77%	60%	-	-	5	5	15	5	-	5	10	8	15	5	4	17
Kolb, John	SD-12	R	85%	75%	5	3	5	5	15	5	-	5	10	8	15	5	4	9
Landen, Bill	SD-27	R	62%	33%	-	-	5	5	-	5	-	5	10	8	15	5	4	25
Laursen, Dan	SD-19	R	100%	86%	5	3	5	5	15	5	X	5	10	8	15	5	4	1
McKeown, Troy	SD-24	R	100%	96%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	1

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

# Wyoming 2025 | Senate Scorecard (Continued)

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifetime	HB0075	HB0121	HB0147	HB0166	HB0199	HB0264	HB0282	HB0289	SF0069	SF0168	SF0175	SF0191	SJ0004	Rank
<b>PRO-GROWTH POSITION</b>					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
<b>POINTS</b>					5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	
Nethercott, Tara	SD-04	R	82%	43%	5	-	5	5	15	5	-	5	10	8	15	5	4	13
Olsen, Jared	SD-08	R	81%	44%	5	-	5	5	15	5	-	5	10	8	15	X	4	14
Pappas, Stephan	SD-07	R	59%	29%	5	-	5	5	-	5	-	5	10	8	X	5	X	28
Rothfuss, Chris	SD-09	D	30%	20%	-	3	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	8	-	-	4	30
Salazar, Tim	SD-26	R	100%	86%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	1
Schuler, Wendy	SD-15	R	47%	31%	5	-	5	5	-	5	-	-	10	8	-	5	4	29
Scott, Charles	SD-30	R	60%	54%	-	3	5	5	15	5	-	-	10	8	-	5	4	27
Smith, Darin	SD-06	R	85%	85%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	-	5	4	9
Steinmetz, Cheri	SD-03	R	100%	79%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	5	4	1
Taliaferro Pearson, Laura	SD-14	R	100%	100%	5	3	5	5	15	5	15	5	10	8	15	X	4	1

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

# Wyoming 2025 | Senate Vote Descriptions

## HB 75

### COAL SEVERANCE TAX REDUCTION

#### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements a tax cut for coal producers in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation reduces the existing coal severance tax from 6.5 percent to 6 percent, equal to a 7.7 percent cut. Estimates suggest that the severance tax reduction will save coal producers roughly \$9.6 million in FY2026 and another \$17.5 million through FY2028. Since 2021, the state's coal production has decreased by roughly 20 percent as unreliable and costly subsidized green energy initiatives have crowded out more reliable energy producers. Policies that lower the tax burden on critical industries are important for fostering future economic growth. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 57-4, on January 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 23-8, on February 18, 2025.

## HB 121

### MODEST PRICE TRANSPARENCY PROTECTIONS

#### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements targeted protections for health care price transparency. Specifically, the legislation requires hospitals to disclose cost information about treatment, procedures, and services to patients. Additionally, the bill requires that such information be publicly disclosed and available, and prohibits debt collection services at non-compliant hospital facilities and systems. While not a monumental policy shift, healthcare costs remain fundamentally distorted due to the nexus of massive government mandates, regulations, and increasing corporate welfare for big insurance companies. This begins the process of exposing healthcare products and services to market-oriented pressures. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 58-3, on January 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate rejected it, 14-16, on March 4, 2025.

## HB 147

### PROHIBITING TAXPAYER FUNDING FOR DEI

#### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits state agencies and political subdivisions from expending any taxpayer funds on Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives and programs. Specifically, the legislation prohibits state entities that receive taxpayer money from funding or operating woke DEI offices and programs that promote race essentialism and forbids agencies, municipalities, and other government entities from mandating such practices as a prerequisite for receiving taxpayer-funded contracts. Hardworking Wyomingites should not be compelled to fund a bureaucracy that engages in explicit discrimination and espouses neo-Marxist concepts. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 55-5, on March 3, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 29-2, on the same day.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | Senate Vote Descriptions

### HB 166

#### MODEST TAXPAYER TRANSPARENCY INITIATIVE

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements new transparency protocols within the state auditor’s office. Specifically, the legislation requires the state auditor’s office to publicly make available all taxpayer-funded payments to vendors under the purview of the auditor’s office. Additionally, the bill mandates that the information include the agency making the payment, the total amount, and the purpose for the payment, with explicit parameters to publish the information no later than 30 days after a transaction has been made. This initiative empowers citizens and taxpayers to better hold officials accountable through first-hand knowledge of what entities are benefiting from their hard-earned resources. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 61-0, on February 20, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 31-0, on February 19, 2025.

### HB 199

#### EXPANDED EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT BILL

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill expands a statewide education savings account (ESA) program for all students in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation enhances the previously enacted Wyoming Education Savings Account Program by implementing universal eligibility and increasing annual funding from \$6,000 per student to \$7,000 per student. Further, the bill expands ESA services beyond tuition, books, and tutoring to include online learning programs, and prohibits use for afterschool daycare programs. While the bill opens the state’s ESA program to incorporate government pre-K programs for families with household income at 250 percent of the federal poverty level, the universal eligibility and expanded use provisions are marked improvements for the existing program. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 42-19, on February 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 21-8, on the same day.

### HB 264

#### CENTRAL BANK DIGITAL CURRENCY RESTRICTIONS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements prohibitions on a prospective central bank digital currency (CBDC). Specifically, the legislation prohibits state agencies in Wyoming from requiring payment in the form of a digital currency issued by the Federal Reserve or other related entity. Further, the bill prohibits state agencies from participating in the testing, adoption, or implementation of CBDC mechanisms. This is an important protection for families, workers, and consumers, as a central digital currency would, in effect, give the federal government control over every citizen’s bank account in a massive reorganization of the relationship between citizens and government. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 49-3, on February 21, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 29-2, on the same day.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | Senate Vote Descriptions

### HB 282

#### STRUCTURAL PROPERTY TAX PROTECTIONS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements structural reforms for residential property assessments in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation implements tiered fair market valuations for property tax assessment purposes pegged at the lesser of 2 percent or the Consumer Price Index rate for the applicable year. For residential property acquired before December 31, 2019, the base year value is set at the fair market valuation of the property on January 1, 2019. For residential property acquired between January 1, 2020, and December 31, 2025, the bill sets the base year value at the fair market value of the property on January 1 of the year it was last acquired. And for future property acquired on January 1, 2026, and beyond, the base year value is set at the fair market value of January 1 of the year it was acquired, with a rebuttal presumption. These structural changes are designed to protect homeowners by mitigating the significantly harmful impact of persistent inflation from COVID-era spending

binges. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 35-25, on February 6, 2025. The Wyoming Senate rejected it, 8-21, on February 28, 2025.

### HB 289

#### CERTIFICATE OF NEED REPEAL

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill rolls back existing certificate of need (CON) regulations on certain medical facilities in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation repeals some existing CON restrictions on nursing care facilities, hospitals, and foster care facilities, removing arbitrary limitations on bed capacity allowances and occupational capacity for both new construction and existing facility expansion. On average, healthcare costs are 11 percent higher in states with CON laws than in those without, due to arbitrary bureaucratic constraints that restrict access to care and protect well-connected providers. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 58-2, on February 12, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 24-5, on February 27, 2025.

### SF 69

#### COMPROMISE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements targeted tax changes for residential property owners in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation creates a 25 percent personal property tax exemption up to the first \$1 million, equal to the fair market value of a single-family residential property. Additionally, the exemption does not include a sunset. Estimates suggest these changes will provide more than \$285 million in personal property tax relief through FY2027 for hardworking families and overburdened households. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 49-7, on February 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 26-3, on the same day.

### SF 168

#### BUDGET SLUSH FUND REPEAL

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill eliminates a taxpayer-funded secondary reserve account. Specifically, the legislation repeals the Budget Reserve Account (BRA)

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | Senate Vote Descriptions

beginning July 1, 2026, and transfers the roughly \$152 million currently in the account over to the state’s general fund at the end of the fiscal biennium. The BRA is utilized as a “backup account” to operate government programs and is separate from the state’s rainy day stabilization fund. Estimates suggest that this repeal will result in nearly \$693 million in mineral royalties and severance tax distributions to go into the state’s general fund over the FY2027-FY2028 biennium. This particular secondary government account operates as a backup general fund and is little more than a state slush fund that further drains taxpayers of their hard-earned resources. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 45-15, on February 20, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 31-0, on January 31, 2025.

### SF 175

#### SIGNIFICANT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE REFORM

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements reforms in the state’s unemployment insurance (UI) program.

Specifically, the legislation lowers the maximum number of weeks individuals may receive UI benefits from 26 weeks to a new, lowered maximum of 20 weeks. Additionally, the bill changes the commission’s priorities within the Department of Workforce Services to focus on “reemployment” as opposed to “unemployment” policies. Reforms that encourage reentry into the workforce lead to a healthier and more productive citizenry, while serving as a foundation for sustainable growth. The Wyoming House rejected the bill, 23-36, on February 28, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 24-6, on February 11, 2025.

### SF 191

#### PROHIBITION ON TAXPAYER-FINANCED ESG INVESTMENTS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prevents individuals, including hedge funds and private equity funds, responsible for managing the portfolios of taxpayer-funded pensions, from abandoning their fiduciary duty in favor of a political agenda. Specifically,

the legislation constrains those charged with overseeing the nearly \$11.5 billion in Wyoming’s pension system to only engage with companies for the sole purpose of maximizing shareholder value as opposed to those that prioritize woke Environmental, Social, Governance (ESG) practices. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 60-0, on March 4, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 24-2, on March 6, 2025.

### SJ 4

#### RELIABLE ENERGY RESOLUTION

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution calls on the Wyoming governor to oppose green energy subsidies. Specifically, the bill calls on the governor to oppose promotion and subsidization of unreliable and costly green energy sources like wind and solar power, and instead focus on promoting a stable grid through reliable dispatchable energy sources like nuclear, natural gas, and clean coal. The Wyoming House passed the resolution, 55-5, on March 4, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 29-1, on February 10, 2025.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

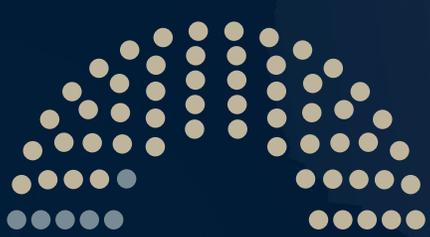
WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS



62 MEMBERS

# Wyoming House Snapshot

56 Republicans

6 Democrats

0 Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 78%

Average Democrat Score: 19%

## HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICAN REPRESENTATIVES

18 Scored **100%**

## LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICAN REPRESENTATIVE

Bob Nicholas (HD-7) | **27%**

## HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRAT REPRESENTATIVE

Ivan Posey (HD-33) | **34%**

## LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRAT REPRESENTATIVE

Liz Storer (HD-23) | **6%**

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

# Wyoming 2025 | House Scorecard

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifetime	HB0001 Amdt 2002	HB0001 Amdt 2031	HB0075	HB0118	HB0121	HB0147	HB0166	HB0169	HB0199	HB0264	HB0282	HB0289	HB0323	HB0324	SF0069	SF0168	SF0175	SF0191	SJ0004	Rank
<b>PRO-GROWTH POSITION</b>					N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
<b>POINTS</b>					5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	
Allemand, Bill	HD-58	R	100%	97%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Andrew, Ocean	HD-46	R	100%	71%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	X	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Angelos, Abby	HD-03	R	79%	81%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	34
Banks, Dalton	HD-26	R	100%	77%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	X	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Bear, John	HD-31	R	95%	92%	5	-	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	19
Brady, Marlene	HD-60	R	90%	90%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	-	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	22
Bratten, Laurie	HD-51	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Brown, Gary	HD-41	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Brown, Landon	HD-09	R	51%	35%	-	X	5	-	3	4	2	8	-	4	-	4	3	-	5	4	-	4	2	44
Byron, Andrew	HD-22	R	55%	31%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	10	4	-	4	3	-	5	4	-	4	2	41
Campbell, Elissa	HD-56	R	28%	28%	-	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	-	X	-	4	-	-	-	-	X	4	2	55
Campbell, Kevin	HD-62	R	90%	90%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	22
Chestek, Ken	HD-13	D	20%	14%	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	59
Clouston, Ken	HD-32	R	69%	39%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	8	10	4	-	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	37
Connolly, Marilyn	HD-40	R	50%	50%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	10	4	-	4	-	-	5	4	-	4	-	46
Davis, Robert	HD-47	R	42%	42%	-	-	5	6	3	4	2	-	-	4	-	4	3	-	5	-	-	4	2	49
Eklund, John	HD-10	R	45%	32%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	X	-	4	-	4	3	-	5	-	-	4	2	48
Erickson, McKay	HD-21	R	50%	50%	-	-	5	6	3	4	2	-	-	X	-	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	46
Filer, Lee	HD-44	R	54%	54%	-	-	5	-	3	4	2	8	10	4	-	4	3	-	5	-	-	4	2	43
Geringer, Rob	HD-42	R	78%	78%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	X	4	-	4	2	35
Guggenmos, Joel	HD-55	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

# Wyoming 2025 | House Scorecard (Continued)

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifetime	HB0001 Amdt 2002	HB0001 Amdt 2031	HB0075	HB0118	HB0121	HB0147	HB0166	HB0169	HB0199	HB0264	HB0282	HB0289	HB0323	HB0324	SF0069	SF0168	SF0175	SF0191	SJ0004	Rank
<b>PRO-GROWTH POSITION</b>					<b>N</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>							
<b>POINTS</b>					<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	
Haroldson, Jeremy	HD-04	R	100%	92%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	X	4	10	4	2	1
Harshman, Steve	HD-37	R	36%	24%	-	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	-	4	-	4	3	-	5	-	-	4	2	51
Heiner, Scott	HD-18	R	90%	81%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	-	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	22
Hoeft, Paul	HD-25	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Jarvis, Julie	HD-57	R	39%	39%	-	-	5	-	3	-	2	-	10	4	-	4	-	-	5	-	-	4	2	50
Johnson, Stephen	HD-08	R	90%	90%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	22
Kelly, Thomas	HD-30	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Knapp, Christopher	HD-53	R	85%	81%	5	-	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	32
Larsen, Lloyd	HD-54	R	36%	32%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	-	X	-	4	3	-	5	-	-	4	-	51
Larson, J.T.	HD-17	R	55%	34%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	10	4	-	4	3	-	5	4	-	4	2	41
Lawley, Martha	HD-27	R	59%	34%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	10	4	-	4	3	6	X	4	-	4	2	39
Lien, Jayme	HD-38	R	95%	95%	5	-	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	19
Locke, Tony	HD-35	R	100%	97%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Lucas, Ann	HD-43	R	89%	89%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	X	X	30
McCann, Darin	HD-48	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Neiman, Chip	HD-01	R	94%	85%	5	5	5	-	3	4	2	8	10	X	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	21
Nicholas, Bob	HD-07	R	27%	23%	-	-	5	-	3	X	2	-	-	4	-	4	-	-	X	-	X	4	-	56
Ottman, Pepper	HD-34	R	100%	88%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Pendergraft, Ken	HD-29	R	90%	93%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	-	X	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	22
Posey, Ivan	HD-33	D	34%	34%	-	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	-	X	-	4	-	-	5	4	-	4	2	53
Provenza, Karlee	HD-45	D	10%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	60

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

# Wyoming 2025 | House Scorecard (Continued)

Name	District	Party	Score	Lifetime	HB0001 Amdt 2002	HB0001 Amdt 2031	HB0075	HB0118	HB0121	HB0147	HB0166	HB0169	HB0199	HB0264	HB0282	HB0289	HB0323	HB0324	SF0069	SF0168	SF0175	SF0191	SJ0004	Rank
<b>PRO-GROWTH POSITION</b>					N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
<b>POINTS</b>					5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	
Riggins, J.R.	HD-59	R	n/a	n/a	X	X	X	X	X	4	X	X	10	X	X	X	X	X	5	X	-	4	2	
Rodriguez-Williams, Rachel	HD-50	R	100%	91%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Schmid, Michael	HD-20	R	74%	74%	5	5	5	6	3	X	2	8	-	4	10	4	3	6	-	4	-	4	2	36
Sherwood, Trey	HD-14	D	21%	15%	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	6	-	-	-	4	2	58
Singh, Daniel	HD-61	R	89%	78%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	X	4	-	4	2	30
Smith, Scott	HD-05	R	100%	94%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	X	3	X	5	4	10	4	2	1
Storer, Liz	HD-23	D	6%	8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	X	61
Strock, Tomi	HD-06	R	100%	98%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Styvar, Clarence	HD-12	R	90%	89%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	22
Tarver, Reuben	HD-52	R	84%	76%	5	-	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	X	10	4	X	6	5	4	-	4	2	33
Thayer, Pamela	HD-15	R	33%	33%	-	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	-	4	-	4	-	-	5	-	-	4	2	54
Washut, Art	HD-36	R	59%	50%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	8	10	4	-	4	3	-	5	-	-	4	2	39
Wasserburger, Jacob	HD-11	R	90%	90%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	22
Webb, Joseph	HD-19	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Webber, Nina	HD-24	R	100%	100%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	10	4	2	1
Wharff, Robert	HD-49	R	90%	79%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	10	4	10	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	22
Williams, J.D.	HD-02	R	61%	60%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	10	4	-	4	3	6	5	4	-	4	2	38
Winter, John	HD-28	R	100%	87%	5	5	5	6	3	4	2	8	X	4	X	4	X	6	X	X	X	4	2	1
Wylie, Cody	HD-39	R	51%	30%	5	-	5	-	3	4	2	-	10	4	-	4	3	-	5	-	-	4	2	44
Yin, Mike	HD-16	D	25%	15%	-	-	5	-	3	-	2	-	-	4	-	-	-	6	-	4	-	X	-	57

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

# Wyoming 2025 | House Vote Descriptions

## HB 1 AMDT 2002

### CRONYISM INITIATIVE SPENDING

#### INCREASE

#### (CFGF OPPOSES)

This amendment to the supplemental appropriations package increases state spending for corporate welfare projects. Specifically, the legislation increases spending for the Wyoming Innovation Partnership (WIP) from \$15 million to \$20 million. The WIP directs taxpayer funds to reward well-connected interests in specified business industries with taxpayer-backed grants at the expense of hardworking families and households. The Wyoming House rejected the amendment, 15-46, on February 5, 2025. The Wyoming Senate did not take it up.

## HB 1 AMDT 2031

### FACILITY CONSTRUCTION SPENDING

#### BINGE

#### (CFGF OPPOSES)

This amendment to the supplemental

appropriations package significantly increases state spending. Specifically, the legislation increases spending for myriad school capital construction projects by more than \$206 million in the current biennium. This amendment proposes an eye-popping 67 percent increase over existing funding levels. The Wyoming House rejected the amendment, 30-30, on February 5, 2025. The Wyoming Senate did not take it up.

## HB 75

### COAL SEVERANCE TAX REDUCTION

#### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements a tax cut for coal producers in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation reduces the existing coal severance tax from 6.5 percent to 6 percent, equal to a 7.7 percent cut. Estimates suggest that the severance tax reduction will save coal producers roughly \$9.6 million in FY2026 and another \$17.5 million through FY2028. Since 2021, the state's coal production has decreased by roughly 20 percent as unreliable and costly subsidized

green energy initiatives have crowded out more reliable energy producers. Policies that lower the tax burden on critical industries are important for fostering future economic growth. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 57-4, on January 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 23-8, on February 18, 2025.

## HB 118

### FEDERAL LAND GRAB PROTECTIONS

#### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill imposes new limitations on federal control of land in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation ensures that no conveyance of land will result in a net gain of property for the federal government, including state land exchanges and private property acquisitions. Further, the bill implements statutory provisions that also ensure land exchanges and acquisitions do not result in a net gain of surface rights or mineral rights for the federal government. The federal government owns 46 percent of all land in Wyoming and increasingly utilizes bureaucratic edicts to restrict lands from public

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | House Vote Descriptions

use in violation of existing laws, often in service to a radical anti-energy or climate change agenda. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 35-26, on January 22, 2025. The Wyoming Senate did not take it up.

### HB 121

#### MODEST PRICE TRANSPARENCY PROTECTIONS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements targeted protections for health care price transparency. Specifically, the legislation requires hospitals to disclose cost information about treatment, procedures, and services to patients. Additionally, the bill requires that such information be publicly disclosed and available, and prohibits debt collection services at non-compliant hospital facilities and systems. While not a monumental policy shift, healthcare costs remain fundamentally distorted due to the nexus of massive government mandates, regulations, and increasing corporate welfare for big insurance companies. This begins the process of exposing healthcare products and services to market-oriented pressures. The

Wyoming House passed the bill, 58-3, on January 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate rejected it, 14-16, on March 4, 2025.

### HB 147

#### PROHIBITING TAXPAYER FUNDING FOR DEI

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits state agencies and political subdivisions from expending any taxpayer funds on Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives and programs. Specifically, the legislation prohibits state entities that receive taxpayer money from funding or operating woke DEI offices and programs that promote race essentialism and forbids agencies, municipalities, and other government entities from mandating such practices as a prerequisite for receiving taxpayer-funded contracts. Hardworking Wyomingites should not be compelled to fund a bureaucracy that engages in explicit discrimination and espouses neo-Marxist concepts. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 55-5, on March 3, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 29-2, on the same day.

### HB 166

#### MODEST TAXPAYER TRANSPARENCY INITIATIVE

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements new transparency protocols within the state auditor's office. Specifically, the legislation requires the state auditor's office to publicly make available all taxpayer-funded payments to vendors under the purview of the auditor's office. Additionally, the bill mandates that the information include the agency making the payment, the total amount, and the purpose for the payment, with explicit parameters to publish the information no later than 30 days after a transaction has been made. This initiative empowers citizens and taxpayers to better hold officials accountable through first-hand knowledge of what entities are benefiting from their hard-earned resources. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 61-0, on February 20, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 31-0, on February 19, 2025.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | House Vote Descriptions

### HB 169

#### ROBUST RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements targeted tax changes for residential property owners in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation creates a 50 percent personal property tax exemption up to the first \$1 million, equal to the fair market value of a residential property. This exemption will be implemented over the next two years. Further, the legislation transfers \$125 million from the general fund to the Department of Revenue to reimburse government entities, including school districts, for 50 percent of their lost taxpayer funds. An additional \$100 million is available from the Legislative Stabilization Reserve Account to supplement localities. Estimates suggest these changes will provide nearly \$400 million in personal property tax relief through FY2027 for hardworking families and overburdened households. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 40-20, on January 23, 2025. The Wyoming Senate did not take it up.

### HB 199

#### EXPANDED EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT BILL

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill expands a statewide education savings account (ESA) program for all students in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation enhances the previously enacted Wyoming Education Savings Account Program by implementing universal eligibility and increasing annual funding from \$6,000 per student to \$7,000 per student. Further, the bill expands ESA services beyond tuition, books, and tutoring to include online learning programs, and prohibits use for afterschool daycare programs. While the bill opens the state’s ESA program to incorporate government pre-K programs for families with household income at 250 percent of the federal poverty level, the universal eligibility and expanded use provisions are marked improvements for the existing program. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 42-19, on February 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 21-8, on the same day.

### HB 264

#### CENTRAL BANK DIGITAL CURRENCY RESTRICTIONS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements prohibitions on a prospective central bank digital currency (CBDC). Specifically, the legislation prohibits state agencies in Wyoming from requiring payment in the form of a digital currency issued by the Federal Reserve or other related entity. Further, the bill prohibits state agencies from participating in the testing, adoption, or implementation of CBDC mechanisms. This is an important protection for families, workers, and consumers, as a central digital currency would, in effect, give the federal government control over every citizen’s bank account in a massive reorganization of the relationship between citizens and government. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 49-3, on February 21, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 29-2, on the same day.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | House Vote Descriptions

### HB 282

#### STRUCTURAL PROPERTY TAX PROTECTIONS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements structural reforms for residential property assessments in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation implements tiered fair market valuations for property tax assessment purposes pegged at the lesser of 2 percent or the Consumer Price Index rate for the applicable year. For residential property acquired before December 31, 2019, the base year value is set at the fair market valuation of the property on January 1, 2019. For residential property acquired between January 1, 2020, and December 31, 2025, the bill sets the base year value at the fair market value of the property on January 1 of the year it was last acquired. And for future property acquired on January 1, 2026, and beyond, the base year value is set at the fair market value of January 1 of the year it was acquired, with a rebuttal presumption. These structural changes are designed to protect homeowners by mitigating the significantly harmful impact of persistent

inflation from COVID-era spending binges. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 35-25, on February 6, 2025. The Wyoming Senate rejected it, 8-21, on February 28, 2025.

### HB 289

#### CERTIFICATE OF NEED REPEAL

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill rolls back existing certificate of need (CON) regulations on certain medical facilities in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation repeals some existing CON restrictions on nursing care facilities, hospitals, and foster care facilities, removing arbitrary limitations on bed capacity allowances and occupational capacity for both new construction and existing facility expansion. On average, healthcare costs are 11 percent higher in states with CON laws than in those without, due to arbitrary bureaucratic constraints that restrict access to care and protect well-connected providers. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 58-2, on February 12, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 24-5, on February 27, 2025.

### HB 323

#### FOOD STAMP NUTRITIONAL RESTRICTIONS (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill imposes new restrictions on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), better known as food stamps. Specifically, the legislation prohibits food stamp recipients from using the program to purchase sugary drinks or candy. These reforms are a positive step in ending taxpayer subsidies for junk food, which significantly contribute to rising obesity rates and healthcare costs. This kind of common-sense reform will diminish long-term costs in both federal and state welfare programs. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 48-11, on February 10, 2025. The Wyoming Senate did not take it up.

### HB 324

#### MODEST GOVERNMENT WORKER REFORMS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill transforms state government employment through a merit-based approach. Specifically, the legislation turns

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | House Vote Descriptions

taxpayer-funded employees who work for the secretary of state, state treasurer, state auditor, and state superintendent into “at-will” employees beginning July 1, 2025. While efforts to transform the entire state government bureaucracy would be far more robust, the bill nevertheless emphasizes that taxpayer-funded workers should be subjected to the same performance-based system as private-sector employees. These measures protect taxpayers from subsidizing unaccountable bureaucrats. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 41-19, on February 12, 2025. The Wyoming Senate did not take it up.

### SF 69

#### COMPROMISE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements targeted tax changes for residential property owners in Wyoming. Specifically, the legislation creates a 25 percent personal property tax exemption up to the first \$1 million, equal to the fair market value of a single-family residential property. Additionally,

the exemption does not include a sunset. Estimates suggest these changes will provide more than \$285 million in personal property tax relief through FY2027 for hardworking families and overburdened households. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 49-7, on February 27, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 26-3, on the same day.

### SF 168

#### BUDGET SLUSH FUND REPEAL (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill eliminates a taxpayer-funded secondary reserve account. Specifically, the legislation repeals the Budget Reserve Account (BRA) beginning July 1, 2026, and transfers the roughly \$152 million currently in the account over to the state’s general fund at the end of the fiscal biennium. The BRA is utilized as a “backup account” to operate government programs and is separate from the state’s rainy day stabilization fund. Estimates suggest that this repeal will result in nearly \$693 million in mineral royalties and severance tax distributions to go into the state’s general fund over the

FY2027-FY2028 biennium. This particular secondary government account operates as a backup general fund and is little more than a state slush fund that further drains taxpayers of their hard-earned resources. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 45-15, on February 20, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 31-0, on January 31, 2025.

### SF 175

#### SIGNIFICANT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE REFORM (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements reforms in the state’s unemployment insurance (UI) program. Specifically, the legislation lowers the maximum number of weeks individuals may receive UI benefits from 26 weeks to a new, lowered maximum of 20 weeks. Additionally, the bill changes the commission’s priorities within the Department of Workforce Services to focus on “reemployment” as opposed to “unemployment” policies. Reforms that encourage reentry into the workforce lead to a healthier and more productive citizenry,

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

## Wyoming 2025 | House Vote Descriptions

while serving as a foundation for sustainable growth. The Wyoming House rejected the bill, 23-36, on February 28, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 24-6, on February 11, 2025.

### SF 191

#### PROHIBITION ON TAXPAYER-FINANCED ESG INVESTMENTS

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prevents individuals, including hedge funds and private equity funds, responsible for managing the portfolios of taxpayer-funded pensions, from abandoning their fiduciary duty in favor of a political agenda. Specifically, the legislation constrains those charged with overseeing the nearly \$11.5 billion in Wyoming’s pension system to only engage with companies for the sole purpose of maximizing shareholder value as opposed to those that prioritize woke Environmental, Social, Governance (ESG) practices. The Wyoming House passed the bill, 60-0, on March 4, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 24-2, on March 6, 2025.

### SJ 4

#### RELIABLE ENERGY RESOLUTION

##### (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution calls on the Wyoming governor to oppose green energy subsidies. Specifically, the bill calls on the governor to oppose promotion and subsidization of unreliable and costly green energy sources like wind and solar power, and instead focus on promoting a stable grid through reliable dispatchable energy sources like nuclear, natural gas, and clean coal. The Wyoming House passed the resolution, 55-5, on March 4, 2025. The Wyoming Senate passed it, 29-1, on February 10, 2025.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION

METHODOLOGY 2025 WYOMING

WYOMING SENATE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING SENATE VOTES

WYOMING SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

WYOMING HOUSE SNAPSHOT

WYOMING HOUSE VOTES

WYOMING HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS