

The background of the entire page is a dark blue-tinted photograph of the Arizona State Capitol building. The building is a large, classical-style structure with a prominent portico supported by columns. To the right of the building, there is a white silhouette of the state of Arizona. Overlaid on the blue background are several decorative elements: a large, stylized number "2025" composed of many small circles in shades of blue and gold, and a solid gold rectangular box containing the year "2025" in white.

2025

Arizona State Legislative Scorecard

See how Members of Arizona's State Legislature
are voting on economic growth issues.



Club for Growth Foundation is a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization focused on educating the public about the value of free markets, pro-growth policies, and economic prosperity.

State Scorecards are created by the Club for Growth Foundation to educate the public about the voting records of the legislators who serve in state legislatures. This is part of a larger scorecard project that the Club for Growth Foundation has created to educate the public about the economic positions taken by legislators in states across the country.

Our Mission

THE FOUNDATION
EDUCATES THE
PUBLIC ABOUT PRO-
GROWTH POLICIES.

THE FOUNDATION
CONDUCTS
COMPREHENSIVE
EXAMINATIONS OF
VOTING RECORDS.

THE FOUNDATION'S
GOAL IS TO INFORM
THE PUBLIC AND
BRING AWARENESS
TO LAWMAKERS.

Methodology | Arizona 2025

Club for Growth Foundation publishes the scorecard study so the public can monitor the actions and the voting behavior of Arizona’s elected state lawmakers on economic growth issues.

The Foundation conducted a comprehensive examination of each lawmaker’s record on votes related to pro-growth policies and computed an Economic Growth Score on a scale of 0 to 100. A score of 100 indicates the highest support for pro-growth policies.

The Foundation examines legislative votes related to the Club’s immediate pro-economic growth policy goals, including:

- Reducing or eliminating tax rates and enacting tax reform
- Limited government through limited spending and budget reform
- Regulatory reform and deregulation
- Ending abusive lawsuits through medical malpractice and tort reform
- Expanding school choice
- Implementing term limits

Not all of these policy goals will come up for a vote in each legislative session.

The Foundation also examines votes on bills that would directly harm these goals.

This scorecard is based on selected votes of importance to the Foundation, and does not include the complete voting record of any legislator. There are inherent limitations in judging the overall qualifications of any legislator based on a selected voting record, and the Foundation does not endorse or oppose any legislator for public office.

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The Foundation’s study examined over 1,600 floor votes and, in the end, included 19 Arizona House votes and 18 Arizona Senate votes.

COMPUTATION

Scores are computed on a scale of 0 to 100. Each vote or action in the rating is assigned a certain number of points depending on its relative importance. If a lawmaker casts a correct vote, the scorecard will denote it with that number. If a lawmaker casts an incorrect vote, the scorecard will denote that vote with a hyphen (-). Absences are not counted – signified as an “X” on the scorecard – though the Foundation reserves the right to do so if, in its judgment, a lawmaker’s position was otherwise discernible. If a lawmaker was not officially sworn into office at the time of a vote, the scorecard will denote that vote with an “I”.

To provide some additional guidance concerning the scores, each lawmaker was ranked. Aside from ties, lawmakers with 0% scores are, by default, ranked #60 in the House

and #30 in the Senate if all lawmakers are present. Scores and ranks cannot be directly compared between the House and Senate, as different votes were taken in each chamber. If applicable, the study also records a “Lifetime Score” for each lawmaker. This is a simple average of the scores from 2025 and all previous years where the lawmaker earned a score.

In some cases, a lawmaker was not present for enough votes for a meaningful score or ranking to be computed. In such cases, “n.a.” for “not applicable” appears. In computing lifetime scores, years with “n.a.” listed instead of a score are not included. Comparing such scores to other members without “n.a.” years may be misleading.

ADDITIONAL FACTORS

A study of roll call votes on the floor of the Arizona House and Arizona Senate and legislative actions is just that. It cannot account for a lawmaker’s work in committee, advocacy in his party’s caucus meetings, and effectiveness as a leader in advocating pro-growth policies.

“Through the release of this series, the Club for Growth Foundation is looking at how state legislatures perform in terms of pro-growth policies. We believe that this scorecard will help inform citizens and entrepreneurs about who supports the policies that are good for economic prosperity.”

- DAVID McINTOSH
PRESIDENT, CLUB FOR GROWTH FOUNDATION

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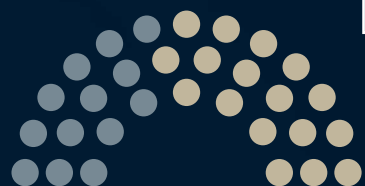
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Arizona Senate Snapshot

17 Republicans

13 Democrats

0 Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 78%

Average Democrat Score: 12%

HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICAN

Jake Hoffman (SD-15) | 100%

LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICANS

11 Republicans scored 73%

HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRAT

Sally Ann Gonzales (SD-20) | 22%

LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRATS

Lela Alston (SD-5) | 2%

Flavio Bravo (SD-26) | 2%

Rosanna Gabaldon (SD-21) | 2%

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Name	District	Party	Score	Life-time	HB2119	HB2121	HB2165	HB2300	HB2449	HB2450	HB2527	HB2704	HB2895	SB1071	SB1094	SB1095	SB1256	SB1318	SB1331	SB1347	SB1735	SCR1004	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	
POINTS					2	3	3	8	10	8	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	9	10	5	
Alston, Lela	SD-05	D	2%	5%	2	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
Angius, Hildy	SD-30	R	73%	73%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Bolick, Shawwna	SD-02	R	73%	89%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Bravo, Flavio	SD-26	D	2%	1%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	28
Burch, Eva	SD-09	D	n/a	6%	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	-	X	-	-	X	1	X	
Carroll, Frank	SD-28	R	73%	70%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Diaz, Eva	SD-22	D	20%	15%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	21
Dunn, Timothy	SD-25	R	73%	66%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Epstein, Denise	SD-12	D	21%	16%	2	-	X	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	19
Farnsworth, David	SD-10	R	90%	89%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	9	-	5	2
Fernandez, Brian	SD-23	D	11%	11%	2	-	-	-	-	X	-	8	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25
Finchem, Mark	SD-01	R	73%	80%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Gabaldon, Rosanna	SD-21	D	2%	10%	2	X	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
Gonzales, Sally Ann	SD-20	D	22%	13%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	10	-	18
Gowan, David	SD-19	R	73%	69%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Hatathlie, Theresa	SD-06	D	14%	17%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	10	-	23
Hoffman, Jake	SD-15	R	100%	98%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	9	10	5	1
Kavanagh, John	SD-03	R	81%	76%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	4
Kuby, Lauren	SD-08	D	10%	10%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Leach, Vince	SD-17	R	73%	76%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Mesnard, J.D.	SD-13	R	81%	80%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	4

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Name	District	Party	Score	Life-time	HB2119	HB2121	HB2165	HB2300	HB2449	HB2450	HB2527	HB2704	HB2895	SB1071	SB1094	SB1095	SB1256	SB1318	SB1331	SB1347	SB1735	SCR1004	Rank
PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	
POINTS					2	3	3	8	10	8	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	9	10	5	
Miranda, Catherine	SD-11	D	12%	14%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	24
Ortiz, Analise	SD-24	D	20%	8%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	21
Payne, Kevin	SD-27	R	73%	79%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Petersen, Warren	SD-14	R	82%	90%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	9	-	5	3
Rogers, Wendy	SD-07	R	73%	76%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Sears, Kiana	SD-09	D	3%	3%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	I	I	I	I	I	-	I	27
Shamp, Janae	SD-29	R	73%	66%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7
Shope, Thomas	SD-16	R	81%	66%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	X	5	4
Sundareshan, Priya	SD-18	D	21%	22%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	19
Werner, Carine	SD-04	R	73%	73%	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	-	3	3	3	3	3	8	8	-	-	5	7

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HB 2119

IMPROVED MUNICIPAL TAXATION TRANSPARENCY

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill bolsters greater transparency and accountability. Specifically, the legislation requires municipalities to request from the Department of Revenue a list of all taxpayers affected by changes in the local tax code at least 75 days before adoption or rejection of a proposed ordinance. Further, the bill requires municipalities to notify citizens about any proposed changes in the local tax code at least 60 days before voting on it. Cities and local governments that provide business licenses are also required to provide notice of potential tax changes to applicants seeking a license. This is a common-sense reform that gives citizens greater ability to engage at the local level to stop tax hikes and diminishes the ability to ram through tax increases with minimal notice. The Arizona House passed the bill, 51-5, on May 1, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 30-0, on April 9, 2025.

HB 2121

STRENGTHENED FOOD STAMP REFORMS (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements common-sense reforms to the administration of the state's food stamp program. Specifically, the legislation mandates the Department of Economic Security require workforce participation activities for food stamp recipients. Specifically, the bill implements mandatory work training for all able-bodied adults between the ages of 18 and 59 enrolled in food stamps who are not employed at least 30 hours per week. While the bill carves out some exceptions for heads of household responsible for providing care to disabled individuals and those enrolled in rehabilitation programs, in general, the bill requires good cause for exemptions to its work requirement. These reforms are critical for increasing opportunity and transitioning welfare recipients back into the workforce. The Arizona House passed the bill, 33-27, on February 25, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed

it, 17-12, on April 29, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2165

FOOD STAMP NUTRITIONAL RESTRICTIONS (CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill imposes new restrictions on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), better known as food stamps. Specifically, the legislation prohibits food stamps from being used to purchase sugary drinks. These reforms are a positive step in ending taxpayer subsidies for junk food, which significantly contribute to rising obesity rates and healthcare costs. This kind of common-sense reform will diminish long-term costs in both federal and state welfare programs. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-27, on February 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-11, on April 8, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

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HB 2300
MOTOR FUEL REGULATORY REFORMS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill creates numerous new fuel standard options within Maricopa County and parts of Pinal and Yavapai County. Specifically, the legislation provides for these areas to use any gasoline or gasoline blend approved by the Environmental Protection Agency and empowers any individual to petition the Weights and Measures Services Division (WMSD) for regulatory relief for existing state and federal fuel standards. This bill expands reformulation options through the WMSD and provides a significant opportunity for driving down fuel costs for hardworking Arizonans, particularly during times of fuel shortages. The Arizona House rejected the bill, 27-31, on May 7, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 9, 2025.

HB 2449
SIGNIFICANT MEDICAID REFORMS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements significant reforms regarding eligibility for Medicaid. Specifically, the legislation requires the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) to coordinate and enter into a data matching agreement with other state agencies on at least a quarterly basis to evaluate wage records, changes in circumstances, and employment history against recipients of Medicaid. Further, the legislation prohibits self-attestation of eligibility and requires AHCCCS to apply for a waiver that prohibits mandatory presumptive enrollment of pregnant women and children. This is a combination of common-sense fraud protections and rollbacks of cost-driving Medicaid service expansions that automatically enroll people into the program. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-23, on April 28, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 9, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2450
SIGNIFICANT UNEMPLOYMENT
INSURANCE REFORM
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements reforms in the state’s unemployment insurance (UI) program. Specifically, the legislation tethers the maximum number of weeks individuals may receive UI benefits to the unemployment rate, with a range of 12 weeks if the unemployment rate is below 5 percent and up to 26 weeks if the unemployment rate is above 8 percent. This is a significant reform from the previous 24-week minimum that will result in long-term taxpayer savings. Reforms that encourage reentry into the workforce lead to a healthier and more productive citizenry, while serving as a foundation for sustainable growth. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-26, on February 20, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-11, on April 29, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

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HB 2527
RELIABLE ENERGY REQUIREMENTS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prioritizes reliable energy for Arizonans. Specifically, the legislation requires the Arizona Corporation Commission to ensure that, before the retirement of an electric generation facility, a new generation facility with equal or greater power is available on the grid. Further, the bill requires the commission to prioritize reliable and easily-dispatchable energy over costly and unreliable sources like wind and solar. The Arizona House passed the bill, 33-27, on February 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 16, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2704
MAJOR LEAGUE SALES TAX DIVERSION
(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill authorizes sales tax revenue to flow directly to the Arizona Diamondbacks. Specifically, the legislation transmits sales tax revenue from businesses and events held at Diamondback facilities to the County Stadium District Fund for maintenance and renovation of Diamondback

facilities. Further, the bill rubberstamps the sales tax diversion for the next 30 years, directing an estimated \$500 million in tax revenue to a major league baseball franchise. This crony tax diversion is arguably more egregious than direct corporate welfare subsidies, as the bill grants a single large sports franchise a permanent and direct tax-funded revenue stream. The Arizona House passed the bill, 35-20, on June 23, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 19-11, on June 19, 2025.

HB 2895
AGENCY CONTRACT TRANSPARENCY
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill requires political subdivisions of the state to publish information on taxpayer-funded contracts. Specifically, the legislation requires municipal governments, school districts, and state agencies to publicly post information on contracts, including the identity of the contractor, the total dollar amount, the purpose of the contract, and the length of the contract. This common-sense transparency requirement ensures that taxpayers know where their hard-earned resources are going, how they are being

used, and prevents political entities from hiding well-connected beneficiaries from voters. The Arizona House passed the bill, 34-23, on May 7, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-11, on May 6, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

SB 1071
FOOD STAMP FRAUD REFORMS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements common-sense reforms for recipients of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), better known as food stamps. Specifically, the legislation requires the Department of Economic Security to coordinate with the Department of Health Services, Department of Revenue, and Department of Corrections on at least a quarterly basis to evaluate wage records, changes in circumstances, and employment history against recipients of food stamps. This is a practical reform to prevent potential fraud and abuse within a taxpayer-funded welfare program. The Arizona House passed the bill, 31-25, on March 31, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 15, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

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SB 1094

SOCIAL CREDIT SCORE PROHIBITION
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits implementing a communist-style social credit system in Arizona. Specifically, the legislation prohibits any bank or financial institution from using a social credit system or radical Environmental, Social, Governance (ESG) evaluations to determine whether to lend money to a customer. Social credit systems discriminate against individuals and groups of people based on their political, religious, economic, or social views, imposing steep financial costs for holding beliefs deemed out of favor by the ruling class. Such systems are a direct threat to freedom and contrary to the very ethos of the American way of life. The Arizona House passed the bill, 31-27, on May 1, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on February 20, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

SB 1095

CENTRAL BANK DIGITAL CURRENCY
RESTRICTIONS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements prohibitions on a prospective central bank digital currency (CBDC). Specifically, the legislation prohibits a federally-recognized CBDC from being used as legal tender in the state of Arizona. Further, the bill prohibits CBDCs from being the subject or medium of payment for any contract, security, or similar financial instrument in the state. This is an important protection for families, workers, and consumers, as a central digital currency would, in effect, give the federal government control over every citizen's bank account in a massive reorganization of the relationship between citizens and government. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-25, on May 5, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on March 3, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

SB 1256

PROHIBITING TAXPAYER FUNDING FOR DEI
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits state agencies, boards, commissions, and political subdivisions from expending any taxpayer funds on Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives and programs. Specifically, the legislation prohibits state entities that receive taxpayer money from funding or operating woke DEI offices and programs that promote race essentialism and forbids agencies, municipalities, and other government entities from mandating such practices as a prerequisite for receiving taxpayer-funded contracts. Hardworking Arizonans should not be compelled to fund a bureaucracy that engages in explicit discrimination and espouses neo-Marxist concepts. The Arizona House passed the bill, 33-25, on April 16, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on February 20, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

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SB 1318
FORMULA-BASED INCOME TAX REDUCTION
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements a formula to determine income tax reductions. Specifically, the legislation requires the Joint Legislative Budget Committee to compute an individual income tax reduction on an annual basis by determining the state’s growth limit and structural surplus. Estimates suggest that the bill reduces the individual income tax rate from 2.5 percent to 2.42 percent, providing nearly \$175 million in much-needed tax relief for hardworking Arizona families starting in FY2027. The Arizona Senate passed the bill, 17-12, on February 26, 2025. The Arizona House did not take it up.

SB 1331
CAPITAL GAINS TAX RELIEF
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill expands an existing capital gains tax deduction. Specifically, the legislation expands the current 25 percent long-term capital gains tax deduction to include all capital gains irrespective of when the assets were acquired. Estimates

suggest that the bill provides between \$40 million and \$60 million in tax relief beginning in FY2027. Taxation on capital gains significantly distorts investment decisions and penalizes long-term saving, which negatively impacts economic growth and capital formation. Lawmakers should eliminate archaic tax policies that needlessly hamper entrepreneurs and small businesses. The Arizona Senate passed the bill, 17-12, on February 26, 2025. The Arizona House did not take it up.

SB 1347
MEDICAID EXPANSION FOR DENTISTRY
(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill implements a targeted Medicaid service expansion in Arizona. Specifically, the legislation mandates that Medicaid reimburse comprehensive dental services, further extending the program’s reach into specialized care services. Arizona unwisely expanded the fraud-prone and costly Medicaid program to healthy adults in 2014, resulting in nearly 30 percent of the state’s population enrolled in a welfare program known for its poor health outcomes.

Lawmakers should focus on constraining the growth of Medicaid and moving Arizonans toward a patient-centered, free-market model of healthcare, rather than implementing policies that benefit government bureaucracies and foster cycles of dependence. The Arizona Senate passed the bill, 24-3, on March 10, 2025. The Arizona House did not take it up.

SB 1735
BIG SPENDING BUDGET AGREEMENT
(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill implements the appropriations bills for the FY2025-26 budget. Specifically, the legislation allocates \$17.6 billion in General Fund spending, a 9.3 percent increase in the year-over-year recurring base of the General Fund. Specifically, the bill increases Medicaid spending by \$250 million, increases K-12 spending by \$281 million, allocates \$45 million in new state child care subsidies, adds another \$4 million in additional school lunch welfare subsidies, and expands Medicaid for Indian tribal healing services. This budget agreement erases the short-lived “gains” of the FY2024-25 budget,

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which saw a significant spending decrease, attributable mostly to massive deficits driven by previous spending binges. Lawmakers must make needed reforms to cost-driving programs like Medicaid and other crony programs to ensure lasting reductions in state agency footprints. The Arizona House passed the bill, 40-16, on June 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 21-8, on June 27, 2025.

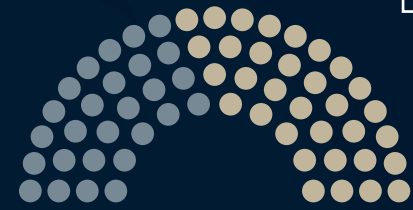
SCR 1004
PROHIBITING VEHICLE MILEAGE TAX
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution protects Arizona taxpayers and families from future tax increases. Specifically, the legislation prohibits the state and municipalities from imposing a mileage tax (VMT) based on the vehicle miles traveled by an individual or vehicle and prohibits monitoring such mileage unless the individual voluntarily consents. Proponents of such taxes argue that the VMT will replace the existing gas tax; however, such proposals either seek to layer the tax on top of the gas tax or increase revenue beyond current gas tax levels, implicitly admitting an overall tax

increase. Further, such proposals require the installation of monitoring technology that will result in higher costs for new and used vehicles. Instead of seeking new sources of revenue, lawmakers should work to reduce spending and shrink government. The Arizona House passed the resolution, 31-0, on June 13, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on February 20, 2025.

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60 MEMBERS



Arizona House Snapshot

33 Republicans

27 Democrats

0 Vacancies

Average Republican Score: 88%

Average Democrat Score: 8%

HIGHEST-RATED REPUBLICANS

11 Republicans scored **100%**

LOWEST-RATED REPUBLICAN

Justin Wilmeth (HD-2) | **73%**

HIGHEST-RATED DEMOCRAT

Anna Abeytia (HD-24) | **39%**

LOWEST-RATED DEMOCRAT

Betty Villegas (HD-20) | **0%**

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
POINTS					6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	
Abeytia, Anna	HD-24	D	39%	39%	6	2	-	-	-	X	X	-	X	8	-	-	X	-	-	X	-	10	X	34
Aguilar, Cesar	HD-26	D	12%	8%	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	39
Austin, Lorena	HD-09	D	2%	6%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Biasiucci, Leo	HD-30	R	100%	80%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	X	X	5	1
Blackman, Walt	HD-07	R	82%	83%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Blattman, Seth	HD-09	D	2%	2%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Bliss, Selina	HD-01	R	82%	70%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Carbone, Michael	HD-25	R	82%	68%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Carter, Neal	HD-15	R	90%	91%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	14
Carter, Pamela	HD-04	R	82%	82%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Cavero, Junelle	HD-11	D	2%	2%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Chaplik, Joseph	HD-03	R	100%	99%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	1
Connolly, Janeen	HD-08	D	2%	2%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Contreras, Lupe	HD-22	D	2%	4%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Contreras, Patty	HD-12	D	8%	5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	46
Crews, Quanta	HD-26	D	10%	7%	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	8	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	44
De Los Santos, Oscar	HD-11	D	11%	11%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	40
Diaz, Lupe	HD-19	R	74%	74%	6	2	3	3	-	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	31
Fink, Lisa	HD-27	R	100%	100%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	1
Garcia, Brian	HD-08	D	9%	9%	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	45
Gillette, John	HD-30	R	82%	68%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
POINTS					6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	
Gress, Matt	HD-04	R	91%	72%	6	X	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	X	3	-	3	X	3	3	X	X	5	13
Griffin, Gail	HD-19	R	82%	81%	6	2	3	3	-	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Gutierrez, Nancy	HD-18	D	11%	11%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	40
Heap, Ralph	HD-10	R	92%	92%	6	2	3	3	-	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	12
Hendrix, Laurin	HD-14	R	100%	89%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	X	3	6	3	3	3	3	X	X	5	1
Hernandez, Alma	HD-20	D	20%	11%	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	10	X	35
Hernandez, Consuelo	HD-21	D	19%	10%	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	X	36
Hernandez, Lydia	HD-24	D	19%	9%	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	X	36
Keshel, Rachel	HD-17	R	100%	95%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	X	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	1
Kolodin, Alexander	HD-03	R	100%	98%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	1
Kupper, Nick	HD-25	R	100%	100%	6	2	3	3	8	10	X	3	X	X	3	6	3	3	3	3	X	X	5	1
Liguori, Sarah	HD-05	D	2%	2%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Livingston, David	HD-28	R	74%	70%	6	2	3	3	-	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	31
Lopez, Chris	HD-16	R	81%	81%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	X	27
Luna-Najera, Elda	HD-22	D	11%	11%	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	X	40
Marquez, Aaron	HD-05	D	2%	2%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Marshall, David	HD-07	R	100%	92%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	X	3	6	X	3	3	3	8	10	5	1
Martinez, Teresa	HD-16	R	80%	65%	X	2	3	X	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	30
Mathis, Christopher	HD-18	D	8%	8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	46
Montenegro, Steve	HD-29	R	82%	82%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Nguyen, Quang	HD-01	R	82%	73%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16

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PRO-GROWTH POSITION					Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	
POINTS					6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	
Olson, Justin	HD-10	R	100%	100%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	1
Pena, Michele	HD-23	R	81%	67%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	X	3	3	3	8	-	5	27
Peshlakai, Mae	HD-06	D	2%	6%	-	2	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	X	50
Pingerelli, Beverly	HD-28	R	100%	93%	6	2	3	3	8	X	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	X	3	8	10	5	1
Powell, Khyl	HD-14	R	90%	90%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	14
Rivero, Tony	HD-27	R	82%	80%	6	2	3	3	-	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Sandoval, Mariana	HD-23	D	11%	14%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	X	40
Simacek, Stephanie	HD-02	D	3%	3%	-	2	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	X	48
Stahl Hamilton, Stephanie	HD-21	D	2%	10%	-	2	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Taylor, James	HD-29	R	82%	82%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Travers, Stacey	HD-12	D	3%	9%	X	2	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	X	48
Tsosie, Myron	HD-06	D	13%	5%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	X	38
Villegas, Betty	HD-20	D	0%	10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	60
Volk, Kevin	HD-17	D	2%	2%	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	50
Way, Michael	HD-15	R	100%	100%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	8	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	10	5	1
Weninger, Jeff	HD-13	R	82%	77%	6	2	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	5	16
Willoughby, Julie	HD-13	R	81%	70%	6	X	3	3	8	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	X	3	3	8	-	5	27
Wilmeth, Justin	HD-02	R	73%	65%	6	2	3	3	-	10	8	3	5	-	3	6	3	3	3	3	8	-	X	33

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HB 2081

NO TAX ON TIPS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill makes significant changes to taxes for individuals who earn tips as part of their job. Specifically, the legislation allows individuals to subtract income earned as tips from their gross income, meaning such income would not be subject to the state's 2.5 percent individual income tax. Estimates suggest that this change will save taxpayers at least \$31 million beginning in FY2026, with the savings possibly increasing in future years. This effectively eliminates taxes on tips, providing significant structural tax relief for jobs that are disproportionately held by lower-income populations. The Arizona House passed the bill, 37-21, on February 10, 2025. The Arizona Senate did not take it up.

HB 2119

IMPROVED MUNICIPAL TAXATION

TRANSPARENCY

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill bolsters greater transparency and accountability. Specifically, the legislation requires municipalities to request from the Department of Revenue a list of all taxpayers affected by changes in the local tax code at least 75 days before adoption or rejection of a proposed ordinance. Further, the bill requires municipalities to notify citizens about any proposed changes in the local tax code at least 60 days before voting on it. Cities and local governments that provide business licenses are also required to provide notice of potential tax changes to applicants seeking a license. This is a common-sense reform that gives citizens greater ability to engage at the local level to stop tax hikes and diminishes the ability to ram through tax increases with minimal notice. The Arizona House passed the bill, 51-5, on May 1, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 30-0, on April 9, 2025.

HB 2121

STRENGTHENED FOOD STAMP REFORMS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements common-sense reforms to the administration of the state's food stamp program. Specifically, the legislation mandates the Department of Economic Security require workforce participation activities for food stamp recipients. Specifically, the bill implements mandatory work training for all able-bodied adults between the ages of 18 and 59 enrolled in food stamps who are not employed at least 30 hours per week. While the bill carves out some exceptions for heads of household responsible for providing care to disabled individuals and those enrolled in rehabilitation programs, in general, the bill requires good cause for exemptions to its work requirement. These reforms are critical for increasing opportunity and transitioning welfare recipients back into the workforce. The Arizona House passed the bill, 33-27, on February 25, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed

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it, 17-12, on April 29, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2165
FOOD STAMP NUTRITIONAL RESTRICTIONS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill imposes new restrictions on the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), better known as food stamps. Specifically, the legislation prohibits food stamps from being used to purchase sugary drinks. These reforms are a positive step in ending taxpayer subsidies for junk food, which significantly contribute to rising obesity rates and healthcare costs. This kind of common-sense reform will diminish long-term costs in both federal and state welfare programs. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-27, on February 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-11, on April 8, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2300
MOTOR FUEL REGULATORY REFORMS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill creates numerous new fuel standard options within Maricopa County and parts of Pinal and Yavapai County. Specifically, the legislation provides for these areas to use any gasoline or gasoline blend approved by the Environmental Protection Agency and empowers any individual to petition the Weights and Measures Services Division (WMSD) for regulatory relief for existing state and federal fuel standards. This bill expands reformulation options through the WMSD and provides a significant opportunity for driving down fuel costs for hardworking Arizonans, particularly during times of fuel shortages. The Arizona House rejected the bill, 27-31, on May 7, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 9, 2025.

HB 2449
SIGNIFICANT MEDICAID REFORMS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements significant reforms regarding eligibility for Medicaid. Specifically, the legislation requires the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) to coordinate and enter into a data matching agreement with other state agencies on at least a quarterly basis to evaluate wage records, changes in circumstances, and employment history against recipients of Medicaid. Further, the legislation prohibits self-attestation of eligibility and requires AHCCCS to apply for a waiver that prohibits mandatory presumptive enrollment of pregnant women and children. This is a combination of common-sense fraud protections and rollbacks of cost-driving Medicaid service expansions that automatically enroll people into the program. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-23, on April 28, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 9, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

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HB 2450

SIGNIFICANT UNEMPLOYMENT
INSURANCE REFORM

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements reforms in the state’s unemployment insurance (UI) program. Specifically, the legislation tethers the maximum number of weeks individuals may receive UI benefits to the unemployment rate, with a range of 12 weeks if the unemployment rate is below 5 percent and up to 26 weeks if the unemployment rate is above 8 percent. This is a significant reform from the previous 24-week minimum that will result in long-term taxpayer savings. Reforms that encourage reentry into the workforce lead to a healthier and more productive citizenry, while serving as a foundation for sustainable growth. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-26, on February 20, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-11, on April 29, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2527

RELIABLE ENERGY REQUIREMENTS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prioritizes reliable energy for Arizonans. Specifically, the legislation requires the Arizona Corporation Commission to ensure that, before the retirement of an electric generation facility, a new generation facility with equal or greater power is available on the grid. Further, the bill requires the commission to prioritize reliable and easily-dispatchable energy over costly and unreliable sources like wind and solar. The Arizona House passed the bill, 33-27, on February 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 16, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2632

NEW STATE REGULATORY REFORM
PROVISION

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill gives the legislature new tools for reining in excessive state regulations. Specifically, the legislation requires the Legislature to approve any regulation with an estimated fiscal impact

of \$500,000 or more over five years. This approach mirrors the federal REINS Act and provides an important check on unaccountable bureaucrats attempting to impose their ideological agenda through agency edicts. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-26, on February 20, 2025. The Arizona Senate did not take it up.

HB 2704

MAJOR LEAGUE SALES TAX DIVERSION
(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill authorizes sales tax revenue to flow directly to the Arizona Diamondbacks. Specifically, the legislation transmits sales tax revenue from businesses and events held at Diamondback facilities to the County Stadium District Fund for maintenance and renovation of Diamondback facilities. Further, the bill rubberstamps the sales tax diversion for the next 30 years, directing an estimated \$500 million in tax revenue to a major league baseball franchise. This crony tax diversion is arguably more egregious than direct corporate welfare subsidies, as the bill grants a single large sports

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franchise a permanent and direct tax-funded revenue stream. The Arizona House passed the bill, 35-20, on June 23, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 19-11, on June 19, 2025.

HB 2895
AGENCY CONTRACT TRANSPARENCY
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill requires political subdivisions of the state to publish information on taxpayer-funded contracts. Specifically, the legislation requires municipal governments, school districts, and state agencies to publicly post information on contracts, including the identity of the contractor, the total dollar amount, the purpose of the contract, and the length of the contract. This common-sense transparency requirement ensures that taxpayers know where their hard-earned resources are going, how they are being used, and prevents political entities from hiding well-connected beneficiaries from voters. The Arizona House passed the bill, 34-23, on May 7, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-11, on May 6, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

HB 2918
TAX REDUCTION PACKAGE
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements several modest tax reductions. Specifically, the legislation lowers the qualifying tax rate for property taxes, reduces the sales tax from 5 percent to 4.93 percent, and reduces the individual income tax rate from 2.5 percent to 2.47 percent. Estimates suggest that these rate reductions will save hardworking families and entrepreneurs more than \$550 million in taxes from FY2026 through FY2028. While not structurally transformative, these changes ensure that overburdened households facing persistently high costs receive meaningful tax relief across multiple areas. The Arizona House passed the bill, 31-28, on February 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate did not take it up.

SB 1071
FOOD STAMP FRAUD REFORMS
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements common-sense reforms for recipients of the Supplemental Nutrition

Assistance Program (SNAP), better known as food stamps. Specifically, the legislation requires the Department of Economic Security to coordinate with the Department of Health Services, Department of Revenue, and Department of Corrections on at least a quarterly basis to evaluate wage records, changes in circumstances, and employment history against recipients of food stamps. This is a practical reform to prevent potential fraud and abuse within a taxpayer-funded welfare program. The Arizona House passed the bill, 31-25, on March 31, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-13, on April 15, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

SB 1094
SOCIAL CREDIT SCORE PROHIBITION
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits implementing a communist-style social credit system in Arizona. Specifically, the legislation prohibits any bank or financial institution from using a social credit system or radical Environmental, Social, Governance (ESG) evaluations to determine whether to lend

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money to a customer. Social credit systems discriminate against individuals and groups of people based on their political, religious, economic, or social views, imposing steep financial costs for holding beliefs deemed out of favor by the ruling class. Such systems are a direct threat to freedom and contrary to the very ethos of the American way of life. The Arizona House passed the bill, 31-27, on May 1, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on February 20, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

SB 1095

CENTRAL BANK DIGITAL CURRENCY RESTRICTIONS

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill implements prohibitions on a prospective central bank digital currency (CBDC). Specifically, the legislation prohibits a federally-recognized CBDC from being used as legal tender in the state of Arizona. Further, the bill prohibits CBDCs from being the subject or medium of payment for any contract, security, or similar financial instrument in the state. This

is an important protection for families, workers, and consumers, as a central digital currency would, in effect, give the federal government control over every citizen’s bank account in a massive reorganization of the relationship between citizens and government. The Arizona House passed the bill, 32-25, on May 5, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on March 3, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

SB 1256

PROHIBITING TAXPAYER FUNDING FOR DEI

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill prohibits state agencies, boards, commissions, and political subdivisions from expending any taxpayer funds on Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives and programs. Specifically, the legislation prohibits state entities that receive taxpayer money from funding or operating woke DEI offices and programs that promote race essentialism and forbids agencies, municipalities, and other government entities from mandating such practices as a prerequisite for receiving

taxpayer-funded contracts. Hardworking Arizonans should not be compelled to fund a bureaucracy that engages in explicit discrimination and espouses neo-Marxist concepts. The Arizona House passed the bill, 33-25, on April 16, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on February 20, 2025. Governor Hobbs vetoed the bill.

SB 1470

MEDICAID ENROLLMENT FREEZE

(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This bill reduces spending in the state Medicaid program. Specifically, the legislation reduces FY2025-26 appropriated spending to the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) by \$108 million as part of an enrollment freeze for childless adults in the Medicaid program. Medicaid expansion has been a disaster for Arizona, with spending increasing significantly over the last decade following the 2014 decision to expand the program. Lawmakers should accelerate measures to mitigate fraud, repeal the destructive Medicaid expansion under Obamacare to healthy adults,

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and move individuals toward a patient-centered, free-market model of healthcare. The Arizona House passed the bill, 29-27, on June 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate did not take it up.

SB 1735
BIG SPENDING BUDGET AGREEMENT
(CFGF OPPOSES)

This bill implements the appropriations bills for the FY2025-26 budget. Specifically, the legislation allocates \$17.6 billion in General Fund spending, a 9.3 percent increase in the year-over-year recurring base of the General Fund. Specifically, the bill increases Medicaid spending by \$250 million, increases K-12 spending by \$281 million, allocates \$45 million in new state child care subsidies, adds another \$4 million in additional school lunch welfare subsidies, and expands Medicaid for Indian tribal healing services. This budget agreement erases the short-lived “gains” of the FY2024-25 budget, which saw a significant spending decrease, attributable mostly to massive deficits driven by previous spending binges. Lawmakers must make needed reforms to cost-

driving programs like Medicaid and other crony programs to ensure lasting reductions in state agency footprints. The Arizona House passed the bill, 40-16, on June 26, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 21-8, on June 27, 2025.

SCR 1004
PROHIBITING VEHICLE MILEAGE TAX
(CFGF SUPPORTS)

This resolution protects Arizona taxpayers and families from future tax increases. Specifically, the legislation prohibits the state and municipalities from imposing a mileage tax (VMT) based on the vehicle miles traveled by an individual or vehicle and prohibits monitoring such mileage unless the individual voluntarily consents. Proponents of such taxes argue that the VMT will replace the existing gas tax; however, such proposals either seek to layer the tax on top of the gas tax or increase revenue beyond current gas tax levels, implicitly admitting an overall tax increase. Further, such proposals require the installation of monitoring technology that will result in higher costs for new and used vehicles. Instead of seeking new

sources of revenue, lawmakers should work to reduce spending and shrink government. The Arizona House passed the resolution, 31-0, on June 13, 2025. The Arizona Senate passed it, 17-12, on February 20, 2025.

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